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THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

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AMERICAN BREACH WITH AUSTRIA IS CONSIDERED SURE

Note On Submarine Warfare Leaves No Doubt As To Outcome

U. S. READINESS

Baker Confers With Wilson, Then Prepares Military Compulsion Bill

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, February 21.—The Frankfurter Zeitung states that the American *aide memoire* presented in Vienna, on the subject of submarine warfare, leaves no doubt that a rupture of diplomatic relations will follow.

Washington, February 21.—After conferring with President Wilson, the Secretary for War announced that he is about to send to Congress the Universal Military Training Bill.

Subsidies to Replace Preference Suggested

Has Consideration of Committee on British Commercial Policy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—The Committee on Commercial and Industrial Policy propose to report later on the question of a wider range of Customs duties and also on the question of how far the Dominions could be met by granting them subsidies, instead of tariff preferences.

It will be necessary to examine closely the effect of imposing duties upon articles used for manufacturing purposes in Great Britain, especially in connection with the export trades and shipping and ship-building industries. The special position of India, Egypt and the Sudan and also British commercial treaty obligations and the effect of the proposed policy upon the interests of countries with which British trade relations are specially important must be considered.

Pensions and Extra Pay Asked to Keep Disbanded Men Quiet

Szechuen Governor Fears Soldiers Will Become Bandits; Outbreak is Imminent

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, February 21.—Lo Pei-chin, the Military Governor of Szechuen, has telegraphed to the Civil Governor, requesting permission to appropriate one million dollars of salt revenue for the re-organisation and disbandment of troops. The Military Governor also suggests that pensions and extra pay shall be given to the disbanded troops, in order to prevent them becoming bandits.

It is estimated that there are now some hundred thousand troops in Szechuen, including Szechuenese, Yunnanese and soldiers from Kweichow and the danger of a disturbance is imminent, unless steps are immediately taken to pay off the superfluous troops.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—
Per R.V.F. s.s. Poltava... Feb. 23
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. Feb. 24
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kitano M. Feb. 26
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru Feb. 27
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga M. Mar. 1
For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—
Per T.K.K. s.s. Siberia M. Mar. 1
Per P.M. s.s. Venezuela.. Mar. 4
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo Maru Mar. 9
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Tamba M. Mar. 11
Per R.M.S. Emp. of Russia Mar. 17
For Europe:—
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Hitachi M. Feb. 25
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Iyo Maru Mar. 11
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Miyazaki M. Mar. 23

Ask Vice-President's Advice Over Crisis With Germany

Feng Goes to Peking for Conference; Liang Shih-yi Counsels Immediate Breaking Off of All Relations

Special Cable to The China Press

Peking, Feb. 22.—Vice-President Feng Kuo-chang is expected here tonight, to discuss China's final attitude towards Germany and other important State affairs. This is his first visit to Peking since his election as Vice-President and important developments are expected after his arrival.

Liang Shih-yi for Allies
(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Hongkong, February 22.—Mr. Liang Shih-yi, interviewed today by Reuter's representative, stated that "a member of the Peking Government and official and unofficial friends have unofficially advised me to return to official life, but I do not feel justified at present in accepting these suggestions, until mutual confidence has been restored and distrust of my administration of the Bank of Communications removed. It is well-known in high quarters in Peking that the accounts of the Bank were not faulty, but, until it is officially announced that such is the case, I prefer to remain in Hongkong.

"I mention this in reply to your question, not as a grievance against the Government. Shortly before I left Peking, the Bank of Communications contracted a loan of five million Yen with Japan, with the approval of President Li Yuan-hung, for whose commendations I am grateful.

"At present, the most momentous question in Peking is China's protest against Germany's ruthless submarine warfare. Though Germany has not answered China's protest, I am delighted and highly commend the attitude of the President and the Cabinet in the matter, as evidence that they are working in the right direction.

Would Work With Japan

"I favor China joining the Allies at this juncture. At the same time, I think that, in view of the friendly relations existing between China and Japan and the fact that the mutual interests of both countries in the Orient are inseparably joined, it would be well for China to work conjointly with Japan.

"Furthermore, I am of opinion that, before China takes the final decisive step, she should openly and frankly disclose her mind to Japan and sincerely endeavor to reach a perfect understanding and co-operation. As soon as this has been accomplished, I say, deliberately and emphatically, do not waste time waiting for Germany's reply, but let us forthwith declare ourselves on the side of the Allies and throw in the lot of China with them.

"It is incumbent on my Government to explain clearly and frankly to Parliament the reasons for which it is to the benefit and future welfare of China to join the Allies and it is expedient that the Central Government shall minutely explain, by telegraph, to the Provincial Assemblies throughout the country, the reasons for their action."

Chang Chi Encourages Breach
(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service)

Peking, February 22.—President Li Yuan-hung has ordered Generals Chiang Chao-chung, Hsiao An-kuo and Wu Ping-hsiang and the Prefect of Shuntienfu to receive Vice-President Feng Kuo-chang at the station, with a guard of honor. General Feng Kuo-chang will reside in the Presidential Palace.

The Japanese-owned paper Shuntien Jih-pao reports that, yesterday, the group of the Kuomintang party whose leader is the Minister for Agriculture, Ku Chung-hsiu, invited prominent Japanese in Peking, among whom was the Japanese Charge d'Affaires, to a dinner in the Central Park. The former President of the Senate, Chang Chi, made a long speech in Japanese, in which he encouraged China to side with the Entente. The Japanese Charge d'Affaires replied that he hoped the Government and the parties were of the same opinion with regard to diplomatic affairs.

According to the Peking Daily News, President Li Yuan-hung has requested Hsiung Hsi-ling, the former Minister of Finance and Military Governor of Jehol, to go to the south and confer with Sun Yat-sen and Kang Yu-wei about certain important diplomatic questions.

The first secretary of President Li Yuan-hung, Ting Shi-yi, has resigned. It is, however, still uncertain

(Continued on Page 2)

PREMIUM BONDS ISSUE PUT UP TO BONAR LAW

Declares He Has An Open Mind But Legislation Would Be Necessary

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. A. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said that he had an open mind on the propriety of issuing a further loan in the form of premium bonds, but legislation would be necessary.

Egypt contributed nearly £5,000,000 to the British war loan, of which £3,750,000 was new money. The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and its clients subscribed £5,010,000, of which £1,670,000 was new money.

TO FEED BRITAIN

Compulsory Acquisition of Land Authorised By Government

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The Press Bureau announces: The Board of Agriculture empowers local authorities to take over compulsorily land for allotment purposes, with a view to maintaining the food-supply.

SENATE VOTES £5,000,000 TO PURCHASE W. INDIES

Reuter's Service

Washington, February 21.—The Senate has passed a Bill appropriating £5,000,000 for the purchase of the Danish West Indies.

Shanghai Celebrates Washington's Birthday; American Co's. Dance

Two Orchestras Take Care Of Throng At Astor House; Miss Stinson's Flights

Washington's Birthday was generally celebrated by the Shanghai American community yesterday. Old Glory was prominent throughout the Settlement and the American men-of-war in port dressed ship. The American Consulate-General and American Postal Agency were closed for the day as were most American hongs.

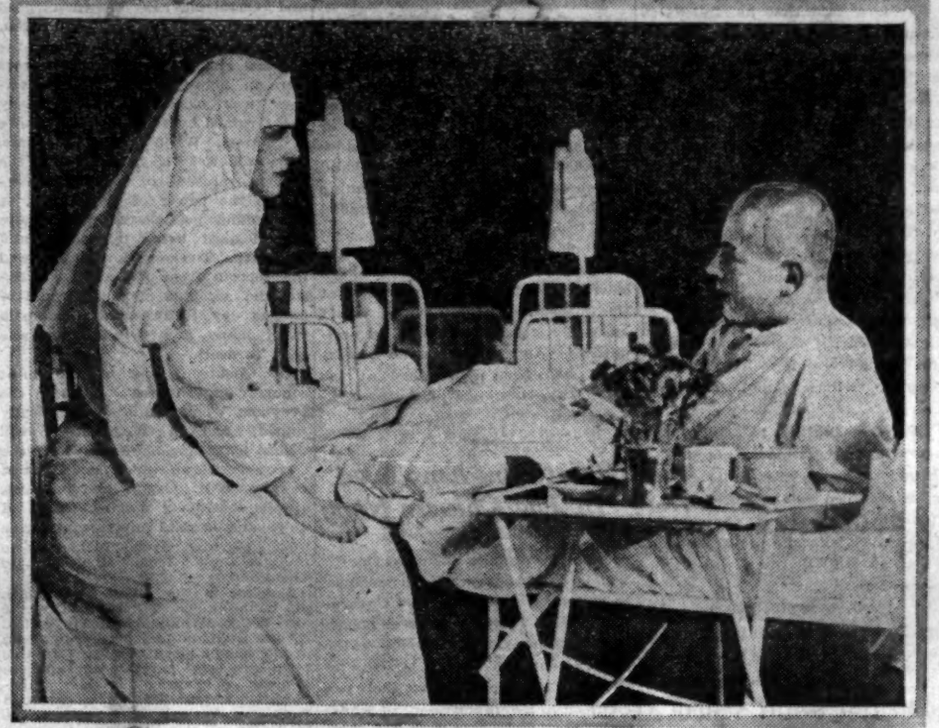
In the evening, the American Company, S.V.C., gave a dance and supper at the Astor House. There were many dinner parties and the attendance at the dance was almost a record for the Astor House. The Carlton orchestra functioned in the ball-room while Prof. Papini's orchestra played in the lobby, taking care of the overflow.

During the day, Miss Katherine Stinson, the visiting American aviatrice, gave some very successful flights at Kiangwan before a select crowd of Chinese officials and newspaper men. Her machines are reported to be quite in order now.

The Weather

Very cloudy or overcast weather, with north-east breezes. The maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 55.6 and the minimum 35.1, the figures for the corresponding day last year being respectively 48.9 and 40.3.

Queen Marie of Rumania A War Nurse



Following Rumania's entry into the war the Royal Palace at Bukharest was converted into a hospital, and many hundreds of wounded Rumanians and Russians were received there. Many of them received personal attention from Queen Marie, who is shown in the photograph in her uniform of a Red Cross Nurse, attending a wounded soldier. Queen Marie was last reported nursing soldiers at Jassy.

GEN. FUNSTON IS DEAD; HIS ADVENTUROUS LIFE

From Reporter to High Army Rank; Was Man Who Captured Aguinaldo

Reuter's Service

San Antonio, Texas, February 21.—The death is announced of Major-General Frederick Funston.

General Funston was born at New Carlisle, O., in 1865. His family subsequently removed to Kansas and he studied at the University of that State from 1885 to 1888. In 1890, he was working as a reporter in Kansas City and the following year went as a botanist with the Death Valley Expedition.

In 1893, he was appointed a commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, to explore Alaska and report on its flora, which work brought him many exciting adventures. He camped on the Klondike in the winter of 1893-4 and floated down the Yukon alone in a canoe.

The Cuban insurrection found him a Captain in the insurgent army, in which he rose to be Lieut.-Col. During the campaign, he was wounded.

In 1898, he was given the command of the 20th Kansas Infantry and went to the Philippines, taking part in several battles. He gained great distinction at Calumpit, crossing the Rio Grande on a small raft, in the face of a heavy fire and establishing a rope ferry, by means of which the American troops were enabled to cross and so win the battle. This brought him the Medal of Honor and promotion to Brigadier-General in the Volunteers.

Later he organised and commanded the expedition which resulted in the capture of Aguinaldo, the Filipino insurrectionary leader and, in 1901, he was made Brigadier-General in the Regulars. Since then, he had served in several high military posts. He was in command at San Francisco during the earthquake and received universal credit for his handling of the situation there. During the last two years he had been in command on the Mexican Border, and there, as in previous commands, he made no mistake.

Yang Tcheng is Needed In Peking, Says Dr. Wu

Dr. Wu Ting-fang, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has replied to the telegrams from the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce and other bodies, with regard to the order recalling H.E. Yang Tcheng to Peking, in his usual diplomatic way. He points out that Mr. Yang is a person of rich experience and wide qualifications, especially in dealing with foreign questions, and that men of his quality are imperatively needed in Peking during the present crisis.

Sell Mines as Junk; One Explodes, Badly Injuring Four Men

Several Houses in Hongkew Are Wrecked; Shock Is Felt Great Distance Off

You can have any sort of sensation you like in Shanghai if you wait long enough. To start off with, if you see a cylindrical iron business—or several of them—going down the street ahead of a nonchalant coolie, just beat it for your life.

It appears that, in these times of dear iron, when any old piece of scrap stuff is worth a lot of money, there is a thriving business going on somewhere in China in discarded land mines! A sober and industrious scrap-ironer, or whatever he calls himself, located in Shanghai, bought half-a-dozen, had them wheeled down to a plot in Haining Road, near Tsepoo Road and, yesterday morning, about ten o'clock, set his staff of horny-handed ones to break them up.

Two had nothing but a vacuum—the mines, that is—but, when a coolie took a wallop at the third, he thought the Wolf comet had arrived. How anybody was not killed is a marvel, for half-a-dozen Chinese houses in the neighborhood were blown down, four people were injured and the Mixed Court, nearly a quarter of a mile away, was so shaken that the police doubled out, thinking half the city was being blown up. Many other houses were slightly damaged and hundreds of windows broken.

The Fire Brigade hardly needed the telephone alarm which came and sections of all companies were very quickly dashing off to the scene. They found the debris of the houses burning, but at this the excitement ended and they had nothing to do but damp down.

KAISER SEEKS SOLDIERS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, February 21.—The Berlin newspaper Mittag Zeitung states that there is a medical re-examination of males born after September 7, 1870. Up to the present, the permanently unfit have been ordered to Hamburg.

PLAN FIFTY ADDITIONAL SUBMARINES IN PACIFIC

Naval Committee of Senate Sanctions Amendment To Appropriation Bill

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Washington, February 21.—The Naval Committee of the Senate has agreed to an amendment to the Appropriation Bill, proposing the construction of fifty additional submarines for the Pacific Coast.

GERMANS STILL DREAM OF ORIENTAL DOMINION

British Situation in Persia Steadily Improves; Turks Hold 30,000 Sq. Miles

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—In the House of Lords, Earl Curzon said that the situation in Persia has steadily improved since August, when German intrigue reached its maximum, but Germany's dream of German dominion from Antwerp to the Indian Ocean is by no means abandoned, while the Turks, though unable to advance, still occupy 30,000 square miles of Persia.

Earl Curzon described the hitherto unmentioned march of a force commanded by Brigadier-General Sir Percy Sykes, for a thousand miles to Ispahan and Teheran, under very arduous and perilous circumstances. It resulted in the establishment of order over a wide area and secured the existence of the pro-Ally Government in Teheran.

The object of Sir Percy Sykes was to organise a force of Persian Gendarmerie, under British officers, in Southern Persia, which will ultimately total 11,000. The force at present totals 5,000, besides an Indian escort of 800 men. A similar force is being raised among the Bakhtiari tribesmen.

Earl Curzon hoped that, before long, Sir Percy Sykes will march from Shiraz and clear the nests of brigands in Western Persia. Another force, commanded by Major Keith, has pacified Eastern Persia.

Earl Curzon paid a tribute to the Ameer of Afghanistan, who declined to be seduced by the tempting offer made by the Germans of the spoil of the Punjaub. Though the Turks still occupied parts of Persia, Earl Curzon said that the position of the oil-fields is practically secure.

BRITISH COMMISSIONS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—It is expected that the report of the Mesopotamia Commission will be ready for publication in March. The report of the Dardanelles Commission is to be published immediately.

Deny Arrest Warrant For Disorderly M.Ps.

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, February 21.—At a meeting of the Senate, yesterday, the request of the District Court for permission to arrest the members concerned in the recent fighting in Parliament who refused to appear before the Court was rejected. A similar request was also brought up in the House of Representatives, where a motion was carried, demanding that a formal notification of the request should be distributed to the members before the matter was discussed.

SHIPS FROM NEAR GERMANY MUST BE SEARCHED IS ORDER

British Lessen Inconvenience By Examination At Nova Scotia

5 PER CENT LOSS

Quote 2 1-2 Years' Results To Show Futili y Of U-Boat Blockade

FRENCH ARMING

All Vess ls, No Matter How Small, Will Shortly Carry Guns

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The Liverpool Steamship Owners Association's report for 1916 shows that Great Britain's ocean-going tonnage has been reduced less than five per cent during 2½ years of war and says: "These figures show the futility of the German blockade."

An Order in Council is gazetted, enacting that, in view of German submarine warfare, unless vessels bound to or from neutral countries adjacent to Germany call at British or Allied ports, in order to be searched, they shall, until a contract has been established, be deemed to be carrying enemy goods and will be liable to capture and condemnation, but ships calling at British or Allied ports for examination shall not be presumed to be carrying enemy goods and shall not be condemned merely because they are carrying enemy goods.

8,000 Tons Sunk in Day

The British steamers Lolo (3,903 tons) and Okement (4,349 tons) and two small craft have been sunk, a total of over 8,000 tons.

The Swedish press denounces the sinking by a German submarine of Sweden's biggest sailing-ship, the Hugo Hamilton, which was on a voyage from Valparaiso to Sweden, with saltpeter and contrasts this flagrant breach of international law with the methods employed by Great Britain.

Little Effect on U. K. Imports

New York, February 21.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of Blockade, interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press of America, said that, up to the present, submarine warfare had had little effect on imports to the United Kingdom, but it has interfered to some extent with the trade of neutrals.

Some of the Scandinavian and Dutch trans-Atlantic steamers are now afraid to call at ports of the United Kingdom in order to be searched and thus avoid the trouble of a search at sea. The British Government has consequently arranged that such ships should be searched at Halifax, Nova Scotia.

French Traffic Improves

Paris, February 20.—The very effective measures taken by the Allies against the threatened blockade of the French coasts, as well as those of Britain and Italy, is proved by the figures showing the number of entries into French ports since the blockade was declared on February 1. No fewer than 112 ships, on an average, reached French harbors daily during the first half of February, as against a daily average of about a hundred last November and December.

The number of entries, therefore, is very satisfactory, especially considering that some neutral shipowners, taking the blockade menace seriously, have, up to the present, not allowed their ships to leave their ports. It is evident that the much-vaunted German submarine threat is not giving the results its authors hoped.

Scared of Armed Ships

Another point to note is that the U-boats are chiefly attacking unarmed ships and are very chary of approaching vessels on which they

can detect anything resembling a gun. In a few days, all French merchantmen, without exception, even those of small tonnage, will carry pieces of ordnance.

The Manchester Guardian has published figures showing that the losses inflicted on merchant shipping during the last week of the new campaign of ruthless submarine warfare have fallen below the average per week for last December.

The French Naval Committee, yesterday, approved the proposal brought before the Chamber of Deputies requesting the Government to place a reward of Fcs. 500,000 at the disposal of the Minister of Marine for submarines captured or destroyed.

News Brevities

On account of the diplomatic crisis, the Government has deemed it necessary to set up a number of new wireless telegraph stations in ten different strategical ports along the sea coast, including Chinwangtao, Taku and Chungmi. Surveying parties have been sent to these places for this purpose.—*Peking Gazette.*

* * *

The Peking Gazette understands that the China Medical Board of the Rockefeller Foundation have appointed Messrs. Shattuck and Hussey, architects, of Chicago, to supervise the construction of new buildings and improvements to the existing premises of the Union Medical College, Peking. The plans of the Rockefeller Foundation involve the expenditure of over half a million dollars in building construction and improvements in the near future. Mr. Harry Hussey is expected to arrive in Peking in June next to devote his attention to the work.

* * *

Before a full attendance, in the hall of the Royal Asiatic Society, yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Ayscough gave a very interesting lecture on: "Shrines of History; Peak of the East, T'ai Shan." Mrs. Ayscough left out any actual description of the sacred mountain, so often written of in the diaries of visitors, confining her remarks to what she described as "the many shades which inhabit it." Holy and famous men prior to Confucius, the great philosopher himself and many who succeeded him were described, with their work and cults and the talk was illustrated with lantern slides prepared by Mr. J. C. Carter.

* *

We are informed that it is generally expected that, since the conclusion of the $5,000,000 loan by three Japanese banks, the Bank of Communications branch in Shanghai is expected to re-open on March 1.

* * *

The Commercial Pacific Cable Co. announce that the section of the cable between Manila and Guam has been interrupted.

Ask Vice-President's Advice Over Crisis

(Continued from Page 1)

whether the President will accept the resignation.

China Not Expecting Reply, Says Vice Foreign Minister

The China Times' Peking correspondent reports:—The standing Committee of Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives had sent a deputation to the Waichiaopu and interviewed Vice-Minister Liu Shihsun.

The deputation told him that the Government should frankly inform the House on foreign affairs, so as to have a proper understanding between the Parliament and the Government and asked him if there was any reply from Germany.

The Vice-Minister told them that sending or receiving a telegram to and from Germany takes six days at least one way, and since the protest was sent only 11 days had passed and there could not be any reply yet. Only a telegram from Yen Hui-ching, the Chinese Minister to Berlin, reporting that the protest had been handed to the German Government, has been received and nothing more.

The deputation then asked the attitude of the Entente Powers and that of Japan also.

Vice-Minister Liu replied:—Russia has supported the attitude of China.

France has desired China to speedily sever diplomatic relations with Germany.

Great Britain has desired that China will go one step further.

Japan's idea is the same as the British.

The deputation further asked what will be the final attitude of the Government in case Germany does not give any reply at all.

The Vice-Minister told them that in case Germany will not reply, as assumed, China will sever her relations with Germany, waiting such a time as Germany has actually carried out the submarine warfare, but whether China will go further one step is under consideration as yet.

The deputation then paid a visit to Wu Chao-chu and the latter stated his personal view in support of declaring war against Germany and the benefit of the same but he told the deputation that whether China should join the side of the Entente Powers should be decided in accordance with the attitude of the United States.

NO SECOND PUNIC WAR, MR. BONAR LAW STATES

Sees No Possible Method Of Securing Peace At Present Without Fighting

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—In the House of Commons, today, replying to the speeches of pacifists, Mr. A. Bonar Law said that he failed to see any possible method of securing peace at the present time without fighting for it.

He taunted pacifists with criticising the Allies' conditions of peace but being silent regarding those of the enemy, saying: "We do not consider ours unreasonable, while those proposed by the Germans were clearly based on victory and the accentuation of their military machine, which would expose the world to a repetition of the present horrors. Germany is following the principle that it is not sufficient to fight her adversaries, but also to terrorise civilian populations and neutrals.

"We are fighting to make the enemy learn that it does not pay to commit crimes. We believe this war was forced on the world with a calculation as cold as that of a chess-player when he moves a piece. If we can help it, there will be no second Punic War."

Mr. Herbert Samuel warmly endorsed the policy of the Government.

ORIENTAL STUDY SCHOOL

Reuter's Service

London, February 20.—The following gifts have been made towards the endowment of the School of Oriental Studies: The City Corporation, £250 a year for nine years; the Goldsmiths Company, £5,000 of war loan bonds; the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, a donation of £1,000 and £100 a year for five years; the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, £200 a year for five years; the National Bank of India, Ltd., £100 for three years; the Mercantile Bank of India, £100; Sir Marcus Samuel, £1,000; Mr. E. Andrew, £1,000. The latter increased his subscription from £100 to £1,000, as a tribute to the valor of the Indian troops.

Anti-Submarine Office At British Admiralty

Problem Not Yet Solved But Carson Hopeful; Tells Of Transportation Feats

(Reuter's Agency War Service).

London, February 21.—In the House of Commons, today, Sir Edward Carson, First Lord of the Admiralty, introducing the Naval Estimates, the amount of which was not specified, said that the House was asked to vote 400,000 men. He stated that, up to October last, eight million men have been moved over the seas, with only one or two untoward incidents, besides 9,500,000 tons of explosives and war-material. Since the beginning of the war, the navy has examined 25,874 ships.

Submarine warfare was a grave problem, which has not yet been solved, but he was confident that the measures being devised would gradually greatly mitigate its seriousness An anti-submarine department had been established at the Admiralty, composed of the best experienced men.

18 Germans Employed In The Chinese Navy

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Peking, February 22.—In response to a request made by the Government to the various Departments, to report the number of Germans in the Government service, the Ministry of the Navy has reported that there are eighteen in its employment, of whom two are in the Ministry, four at Kiangnan Arsenal, five in the Torpedo School at Nanking, five in the Chefoo Naval School and two at Hanyang Arsenal.

RUMANIAN FIGHTING

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—A Rumanian official communique, dated the 19th, reports: There have been weak artillery actions and patrol encounters on the whole front. North of Dorna Vatra, the enemy furiously bombarded the Russian positions with gas-shells. Northwest of Focsany, the Russians dispersed reconnaissances.

CRISIS IN TSINAN OVER DISBANDING OF TROOPS

Machine Guns Placed In Position; 30 Officers Are Held As Hostages

Special Correspondence of The China Press

Tsinan, Shantung, Feb. 19.—For the past eight months Shantung, especially in the cities of Weihsien and Choutsun, has known a good deal about our form of militarism. First came the period when the national and the revolutionary forces were in nightly skirmish. All business was closed up and, in many cases, ruined by the long continuance of unrest. When "peace" came, there followed a period when the soldiers refused to disband. Trusting to the power of their guns, it was found possible to make more than a good living by looting and blackmail. Those who have followed the reports from Shantung will recall the accounts of plunder and of robbery by torture and blackmail, when many a well-to-do man was done to death.

In Choutsun, one of the most commercially successful cities in the Province, business is practically ruined; and in Weihsien it will take a long time to recover from the successive blows which have rained down upon it. Capital and business, always sensitively seeking places of quiet and stable government, have been moving from Weihsien to Fangtze and from Choutsun to Changtien.

Fangtze is the small town south of Weihsien on the railroad where are the coal mines formerly owned by the Germans and flooded by them at the beginning of the war. In this town is a large garrison of Japanese soldiers. Changtien is the junction-city where the branch railroad from the Poshan mines meets the main-line of the Shantung Railroad. Only time can tell whether the two older cities will be able to revive or whether the newer towns will fall heir to the prosperity and business of the older cities.

Weihsien is at last rejoicing in the withdrawal of the troops from that city. These have been returning to Tsinan, in several divisions during the last week, some three or four thousand in all. It was hoped that it might be possible to quietly disband them; but that happy issue has not come to pass. For the first time in some weeks last night the gates of the city of Tsinan were closed at sun-down and all former passes or special permits became absolutely useless in the face of the stringent orders not to open the gates for any reason whatever during the night. It was feared that the soldiers were preparing to carry on the occupation of looting which they had found so lucrative at Weihsien and Choutsun.

Last night the force of police was increased to very large numbers and arms distributed. The Governor has taken vigorous measures. Machine guns have been placed in position and it is reported that thirty of the officers of the disbanding troops have been seized as hostages, with the threat that they will be put to death at the first indication of uprising. It is generally felt that the Governor will be able to keep order.

KAIFENG ONLY 24 HOURS FROM SHANGHAI BY RAIL

Uncomfortable All-Night Stop-Overs Cut Out; Time-Tables Adjusted

Special Correspondence to The China Press

Kaifeng, Honan, Feb. 20.—Kaifeng is now on the map. We are now within twenty-four hours of Shanghai. These notes are being mailed on the first train (Feb. 20) to run on the new schedule. A new sleeping-car service on the 'Lung-Hai connects at Hsuchow with the Tientsin-Pukow and cuts out a nasty night stop-over. One can now leave Shanghai at 7.55 a.m. and reach Kaifeng the next morning at 7.50. Other changes are made on the Hankow-Peking road and the Tientsin-Pukow line in adjustment with the east and west line.

"Every man for himself and the Devil take the hindmost" seems to have been the policy hitherto practised in making railway schedules as it has been with other things in China. Each line has had its time-table in force without regard to connections or comfort for passengers. Coming from Peking one had to spend the night at Chengchow before he could go on to Kaifeng. From Kaifeng to Shanghai the same thing resulted at Hsuchow. Finally the roads are getting together and all the public will rise up *en masse* and call their managers blessed. Let us record the fact once more that in China "things do move."

Only a short time ago it took five or six days to go from Kaifeng via Hankow to Shanghai. It yet takes three days to go down the river from Hankow to Shanghai; but one can go from Hankow via Kaifeng and Hsuchow in a day and a half. We welcome all such travelers to the new name on the map—Kaifeng, the ancient capital of China.

The Honan Provincial Assembly resumes its sittings tomorrow. It remains to be seen whether they shall again content themselves with hurling ink-bottles at each other or do some constructive legislation. Now that Governor Tien is to hold his place all seems quiet politically—but perhaps the fires are only smoldering.

Dr. A. D. Louthan of Chengchow, in charge of the Southern Baptist Mission Hospital, was recently married to Miss Pauline Lide of the same mission, their honeymoon having been spent in Kaifeng. Their many friends wish this couple great joy and prosperity.

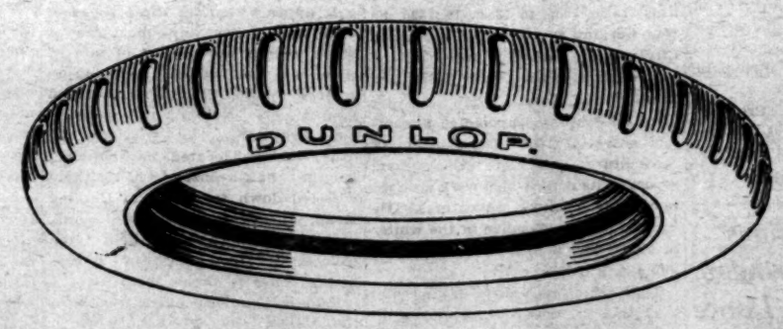
Canton Doesn't Want Change of Governor

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Canton, February 21.—The 1917 session of the Provincial Assembly opened yesterday.

The Cantonese strongly condemn the frequent talk of a change in the post of Civil Governor. Good people are supporting the attempt of the Civil Governor, Chu Ching-lan, to suppress gambling and also to promote educational and social reforms.

Two hundred soldiers in the Nam Hung district mutinied last Sunday and killed fifteen persons, but the situation there is now quiet.



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Tls. 23,000 Modern residence, corner house, situated in the most desirable residential section of the French Concession on two mow of land. House contains spacious hall, drawing room, dining room, lounge room, three bedrooms, two bathrooms, and ample servants' quarters. The kitchen and pantry are tiled and provided with convenient closets and cupboards. The bathrooms are tiled in white and have stationary medicine closets, bath tubs, lavatories and flush toilets. **Payments may be made part in cash and part by instalments.**

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Our speciality is Real Estate for any purpose and in any locality. It will pay you to consult us first.

Duty Of Psychologists To Make Intensive Study of War, Says Head Of University

Dr. G. Stanley Hall Tells Scientists That the Suggestion of a National Society Formed for That Purpose Should Be Welcomed

New York, December 30.—G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University and one of the foremost of American psychologists, contributed a striking discussion of "Psychology and the War" to the twenty-fifth anniversay programme of the American Psychological Association, held yesterday in Teachers' College, Columbia University, as part of the convocation of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Dr. Hall reported the results of inquiry among the twenty-four American universities as to the probable results of the almost complete cessation of scientific research in Europe outside the field of medicine. A majority of those he questioned agreed that "this shortage of intellectual goods made in Europe will lay a new and serious responsibility upon American scholars to make it good."

'Culture Has Yielded to Kultur'

"For two and a half years," Dr. Hall wrote, "practically all the leaders in most of the physical sciences, particularly physics and chemistry, have ceased to advance their sciences as such and have been absorbed in making them immediately serviceable for war conditions, while even in the most humanistic fields culture has yielded ground to Kultur.

"The war has given the world its greatest lesson in scientific efficiency. Just as Russia in the war with Japan did not begin to realise how far the latter country had moulded all its pre-Meji and indeed liberal culture generally, and focused almost its entire energy upon practical efficiency, so none of the allies, least of all England, realised how far Germany had gone in casting off the culture of half a century ago, and in almost a single generation acquiring a new soul that made it, instead of the least, the most hard-headed, practically effective nation the world has ever seen, with hardly a vestige of the old, speculative, sentimental traits of the days before 1870.

"Pure chemistry failed to appreciate the value of the formula for making nitrate, which Germany had secretly bought from its Norse discoverer, and which enabled it to produce 300,000 tons of ammunition during the first year of the war, at one-third its cost to the allies.

"Its tests of the senses, motidity and fatigue of all taking up arms; its establishment of distinct digestive, respiratory, muscular and nervous types of men; its temibility tests, which eliminate upset nervous systems from the ranks both on donning the uniform and after every wound, thereby greatly reducing liabilities to panic; the French tests and assignment of men to infantry, cavalry, artillery, aviation corps, &c., according to the standard types of McAuliffe, Segaud, Thooris and Serel, all these things have shown how immediately serviceable psychology could be made in this, to it, rather new field.

Value of Applied Psychology

"Already enough of the carefully guarded military secrets of these tests for specific lines of military service have leaked out to suggest why the German and French armies are so much more effectively organised that the English and Russian, and to show that applied psychology can render the most valuable service to war. We see with mingled admiration and dismay to what lengths Germans are ready to go in applying all the latest knowledge in every field, not only in industry, municipal and social organisation, and even in eugenics, in ways often far beyond the reaches of the old economics and area of the old morality.

"The war has urgently called upon psychology to do things it was not ready for, but which had to be done extemporarily as best they could by intuition. In both fields the call is so loud and insistent that it seems to me every psychologist should be able to give some reason if he does not do what in him lies to a better knowledge of man and life under modern conditions, even if he has to break in some degree from his own lines of work, in order to help in the supreme problem of diagnosing each individual, and steering him toward his fittest place, for this is really the culminating problem of efficiency, because human capacities are after all the chief national resources.

Older Theories Obsolete

"We shall surely have a new and larger psychology of war. The older literature on it is already more or less obsolete from almost every point of view, and James's theory of a moral, and Cannon's of a physiological, equivalent of war seem now pallid and academic. More in point are the reversionary conceptions of Freud, Pfister and Patrick, that it is more or less normal for man at times to plunge back and down the evolutionary ladder, and to immerse himself in rank primitive emotions and to break away from the complex conventions and routine of civilised life and revert to that of the troglodytes in the trenches and to face the chance of instant death when the struggle for survival is at its maximum in the bayonet charge.

Laby, Crile and perhaps a score of others have described, on the basis of much observation and insight, the stages of this recessional.

"First is the general perturbation at home when mobilisation is decreed, the fraternisation of all classes, normally more or less aloof; the rank credulities and superstitions that suddenly arise and spread by psychic contagion, often to the clearest heads and coolest hearts, on the basis of high expectant tension; the mad rumors, fears, suggestions, often so painfully acute that the call to arms is a relief.

"Second comes the parting from home and loved ones; the donning of the uniform and with it the esprit de corps of the army; the intense activity of the training camp; the remarkable development of powers of effort and endurance, which makes a weak man so often a marvel to himself, a power in which those from sedentary life often excel laborers and peasants; the games, songs, theatricals, often camp newspapers, in which phenomena we see instinct seeking to compensate, in Adler's sense, for a deeper but repressed anxiety.

Old Life at Home Pales

"Life at this stage is so absorbing that the old life at home pales, and loved ones are thought of with surprising infrequency, and it becomes harder to write to them; the sudden setting up, physical and often moral, of flabby individuals, to endure sleeplessness, heat, cold and hunger, as the individual learns to draw upon his phyletic reserve, so that he is often surprised to find the largest drafts upon it honored.

"Third, in the advance into the trenches, where long silence and immobility are often necessary usder the greatest excitement, breaking down many a nervous system, and when everything else, past and future, is forgotten in the struggle for present safety and physical comfort, the long confinement and constrained positions, interspersed with digging and baling water, with sometimes personal draftings to carry despatches, bring food and drink or rescue wounded friends from the 'hell-strip' between the most advanced opposing lines, the acute attention to the sound of projectiles and their explosion.

"Thus it is no wonder that some grow mad and rush wildly at the enemy and to certain death, or else back to safety, while those with stronger nerves develop with amazing suddenness a callousness to danger, fatigue, hunger, discomforts, while we sometimes have the unique reaction of sudden fraternization with the enemy which Kreisler and others have so well described.

"Fourth, when the charge is called, some drop, fatigued and perhaps dead from exhaustion, while others who thought themselves entirely spent marvel at the sudden development of utterly unexpected resources in their own systems. Here each faces his man intent only upon killing him and escaping from being killed himself.

Live Over Their Battles

"When this is all over the survivors frequently, and sometimes for days and weeks, live in an illusion that the charge is still on, and they cut, slash, stab imaginary enemies, yell, rush and gesture, while the same obsessions haunt their sleep, so that even the hospitals a few days after the battle are noisy with the imagined battle which still ranges in the soul.

"Those who have once had this experience, too, we are told, should recover not beyond hearing of the big guns, lest these obsessions undermine their courage and make them cowards and panic starters despite their will. Only very slowly do even the sanest come back to full realisation of who and where they are, what doing, and only gradually do their friends, relatives and home conditions live again in their souls as the past validates itself in the all-absorbing present.

"Such, too, is the unprecedented strain of the present war, with its high explosives, the contractions of both time and space, poisoned gases, the fatigue and demoralization, deliberately planned by each enemy by continuous day and night boinbardment before the infantry advance, that it is no wonder that each belligerent has had to develop a new type of hospital for cases of shock for these causes.

"All agree that the nervous system of the belligerents has never been subjected to such a strain, and many hold that this of itself will impair the quality of parenthood perhaps for generations. War is a grim and awful experiment upon human nature, but, like the vivisection of disease and insanity, it should be studied intensively to find its nature, cause, and if possible its cure, and at least its function for the individual and society.

"The very voluminous data in this field now fairly cry out for more and better interpretation. Raw instinct, feeling and emotion, which are the very roots of human nature, are stripped bare of all their disguises. The motivation of war, however interpreted, is psychological, whether its cause be individual, social, economic or religious. War is still regarded too much as panics and pestilences were before science explained and controlled them.

"Hence it is that we should welcome the suggestion, lately made, of a society planned, with an international organisation, to study the psychological aspects of this war, selecting literature, making special observations, according to prescribed methods, synthetizing results from all fields, in order that in the end we may have some definite conception of what war really is, does and means."

Hopes to Fly Over The North Pole

ROALD AMUNDSEN

Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, expects to fly over the North Pole in 1918. He made this statement on his arrival in New York from Copenhagen. His visit to New York is for the purpose of purchasing equipment and supplies for the expedition. While in America he will study aeroplane construction and flying, although he already holds an aviator's license. Amundsen says he will drift as far as possible toward the pole in the polar current, but when blocked by ice, will use his hydroaeroplane.

AMERICA TO INTERVENE IN THE CUBAN TURMOIL

Note Tells Island Government That Rebellions Must Be Put Down

New York, February 15.—In a lengthy communication addressed to the Cuban government today the United States advised Cuba to effect a peaceful solution of her internal political troubles, and stated that in case the rebellions spread, the United States may be compelled to intervene forcibly.

Japanese Potato King Retires With Fortune

George Shima Said To Have Made More Than Million Dollars in California

George Shima, Japanese potato grower whose extensive farming operations in the delta region near Stockton, Cal. have earned for him the title of potato king, has announced that he will retire, according to a despatch in the San Francisco Chronicle. In the future Shima will sub-lease the 25,000 acres which he controls to other Japanese growers at annual rentals ranging from $10 to $30 an acre. Friends of Shima believe he will devote most of his attention to marketing the crops of his tenants, says the Chronicle.

Less than ten years ago Shima began leasing potato lands in a small way and by increasing his acreages and giving marketing problems close attention, he has accumulated a fortune estimated at more than $1,000,000.

PALACE FOR CHINESE

Japan Will Receive Peking Envoy As State Guest

Tokio, Bebruary 15.—Mr. Wang Ta-hsieh, President Li Yuan-hung's special envoy to Japan, is expected here soon to present His Majesty the Emperor the highest order of China. When he arrives in this country he will be treated as a State guest by the court of Japan, staying at the detached palace at Reinanzaka, Akasaka, during his visit. This palace was formerly the official residence of the President of the Privy Council. Prince Ito resided there. A reception committee will shortly be appointed to greet China's special envoy.

SHIPPING BUREAU STARTED

New U. S. Organisation Launched According to Bill of Congress

Tokio, February 15.—The new Shipping Bureau of the United States, created by a bill passed by the last session of Congress, has been launched, its organisation having been completed on January 30, according to a Washington despatch to the Foreign Office here. On February 5 President Wilson put the third clause of Article 9 of that bill into effect, proclaiming that hereafter no American ship will be permitted to be transferred to foreign registry without the sanction of the Shipping Bureau.

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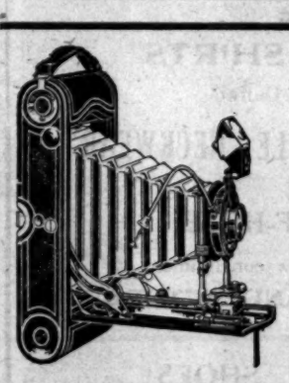

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VINCENT ASTOR TRAINS FOR NAVAL COMMISSION

Millionaire, Special Student Of Nautical School, To Be Fitted For Ensign's Rank

TO TAKE ANNAPOLIS TEST

Members Of Volunteer Patrol Have Same Plan; Navy Opens Classes To All

New York, Jan. 5.—Vincent Astor's keen interest in preparedness for America has led him to take a course of nautical training which, in the even of war, might enable him to pass an examination and become an Ensign in the navy. He is a special pupil in Uttmark's Nautical Academy, formerly Patterson's Navigation School, No. 130 Water Street.

This school, which was conducted many years by Capt. Howard Patterson, a retired navy officer, has made a specialty of preparing candidates for Annapolis. Capt. Fritz E. Uttmark, head of the school since the death of Capt. Patterson, last October, told a World reporter yesterday Mr. Astor was preparing to take the Annapolis entrance examinations and expected to be ready for them in a month.

Mr. Astor's secretary, William A. Dobbyn, and his friends, however, pointed out that he is ineligible to be a candidate for Annapolis on two grounds—first, that he is five years beyond the age limit for candidates, being twenty-five years old, and second, he is married. The young millionaire's friends said his studies were to increase his efficiency as a member of the Volunteer Patrol Squadron, a fleet of power boats available for scout and other duty.

Other Patrol Members Studying

It was impossible to get a direct statement from Mr. Astor last night. Mr. Dobbyn said he knew nothing of Mr. Astor's studies, but presumed they were the outcome of his interest in preparedness. It is believed Mr. Astor intends to take the equivalent of the Annapolis examination so in case of war he could take a commission in the navy. Other member of the Patrol Squadron are said to have the same plan.

Several other members of the patrol squadron are enrolled in Capt. Uttmark's school. Among them is Hermann Oelrichs, son and heir of the late Hermann Oelrichs. He is Captain of the flagship of the First Patrol Squadron of the Second Naval District. His boat is the sixty-three-foot motor cruiser the S-6, with a speed of thirty-five miles an hour.

Other pupils are Orson D. Munn, son of the founder of the Scientific American; Paul L. Hammond and Sigmund Cohn, all members of the squadron. Arthur Curtiss James, whose speed boat Monaloha is in the patrol squadron, is a graduate of the school.

Although Mr. Astor joined the patrol last summer, his interest seemed more in aeroplane training. He enrolled last May in the aeronautical corps of the Second Naval Reserve Battalion and helped to raise $8,000 for a hydro-aeroplane. The year before he had a hydro-aeroplane built and was taught to operate it by his pilot, Clifford Webster.

Mr. Astor enrolled in Capt. Uttmark's school a month ago, The World learned. The captain said his pupil was already familiar with the general principles of navigation and needed little instruction in its mathematics, but was devoting himself to the practical side as a post-graduate student. He is also specialising in nautical astronomy.

Gets His Tuition at Home

Capt. Uttmark gives private lessons to the head of the Astor estate twice a week, either at his home, No. 840 Fifth Avenue, or his office, No. 23 West Twenty-sixth Street. The telephone number of the office, by a coincidence, is Farragut 10.

To stimulate interest in the navy and afford civilians an opportunity to fit themselves for duty the Navy Department has arranged a course of instruction throughout the winter. The battleship New Jersey, now at the Navy Yard, which was in the recent cruise of the navy "Plattsburg" and in which some 2,800 sea rookies found their sea legs in a month along the Atlantic seaboard, has been designated at this port.

The four courses will begin next Monday. These comprise seamanship and general ship routine; ordinance and gunnery; navigation and signals; steam engineering and electricity. The classes will be conducted Monday afternoons at 4.30 and Monday evenings at 7.30. Navy officers will be instructors. Students taking both afternoon and evening sessions may obtain supper on the battleship at nominal cost.

Next summer's cruise may be extended as far as the Azores.

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HA-HA-HA - WAIT TILL I SHOW HIM THIS JOKE - HE'LL FALL RIGHT DOWN
IF EVERY BODY ELSE LAUGHED AT HIS STUFF THE WAY HE DOES HE'D GET MORE DOUGH THAN CHARLEY CHAPLIN
IT OUGHTA BE GOOD IT ALWAYS WAS
Y'KNOW THEY TIRE THE POOR KID OUT SO THAT HE CAN'T DO HIS OWN WORK
HEEZA GAME KID TO STAND THAT BULL EVERY DAY
YES- YES IT'S AS FUNNY AS A CRUTCH
HOT COFFEE
INDOOR SPORTS
LISTENING TO THE COMIC ARTISTS WHO BUTTONHOLE THE POOR OFFICE BOY EVERY MORNING AND EXPLAIN THE JOKES ON THEIR PICTURES

TENYO FORESHADOWS RECORD IN TOURISTS

Big Passenger List of T. K. K. Liner Taken To Mean Brisk Travel Year

Tokio, Feb. 15.—Nineteen seventeen is to be a record smashing year for the tourist business, if the number of American sightseers who arrived on the Toyo Hisen Haisha liner Tenyo Maru yesterday morning may be taken as an indication. The passenger list—and there were 192 saloon pastengers—showed few names of persons other that pleasure bent. The hotel manager and curio dealer, however, will not reap the full benefit of this influx until spring, for nearly all of the tourists will continue on the Tenyo to the Philippines and China, returning here for the cherry blossoms.

The T.K.K. steamer reached the breakwater late Monday night, but was not docked at the New Customs Quay until 8.45 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Tenyo carried three parties of tourists, besides many individuals who will see the Orient under their own direction. The largest party, consisting of thirty-four members, is conducted by Mr. Louis D. Stone of the Raymond Whitcomb Company, New York; a party of thirteen is headed by Mr. C. W. Roberts of Thos. Cook and Son; and Captain G. B. Beardsley of the American Express Company is accompanied by twelve persons.

Henry J. Patten Arrives

Among the passengers on the Tenyo was Mr. Henry J. Patten of Chicago, brother of Mr. James A. Patten, who cornered the American wheat market several years ago. Mr. H. J. Patten is also in the grain business. He says wheat valued at from three to four million dollars is being exported from America to England weekly. All of this grain, however, does not stay in England, much of it finding its way to the other allied countries. Mr. Patten was chairman of the Allies' Bazaar recently given in Chicago when £450,000 was raised in nine days. Accompanied by Mrs. Patten he will make an extended tour of the Far East.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Patterson were also passengers on the Tenyo. Mr. Patterson is son of the president of the National Cash Register Company of Dayton, Ohio. As foreign manager of the company, he has come to the Orient to extend sales and establish new branches, particularly in China. The trip is not all business, however. Mr. Patterson was but recently married and is spending his honeymoon while looking for business. He will remain in Japan about a month before he goes to China.

Mr. F. A. Siefert, manager of the Singer Sewing Machine Company in China, accompanied by Mrs. Siefert and their four children, is returning after a vacation in America. Mr. E. H. Hoyt and Mr. F. H. Barber are on their way to join the Standard Oil Company in Hongkong and the Anderson-Myer Company of Shanghai respectively. Mr. J. Boyd, for twenty years an annual visitor to Japan representing Joseph Wild and Company, a leading matting firm in New York, was another arrival.

The Tenyo also brought 763 American treasure cases, valued at £4,000,000, part of which is billed to the Yokohama Specie Bank, the Mitsui Bank and the Sumitomo Bank in Tokio.

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GERM THAT ADDS TO WAR HORROR FOUND

Dr. C. L. Laveran Discovers Bacillus Responsible For Gas Gangrene

The discovery of a curious but highly dangerous bacillus, whose development in gunshot wounds is said to be the principal cause of gas gangrene, is announced by Dr. Charles Louis Laveran, the Paris scientist and physician. The results of researches conducted by Dr. Laveran, with the assistance of Dr. Weinberg and Dr. Seguin of the Institut Pasteur, were first brought to the attention of the Academy of Scientists and have since been described in detail in a Paris despatch to the Lancet of London.

This particular death dealing bacillus, which is an anærobic microbe—one which thrives in the dirt of wounds but succumbs in the open air—has received from its discoverer the name of histolytic bacillus. It is asserted that nine hours after a culture of the organism is inoculated into the thigh of a guinea pig a progressive local liquefaction is observed. The muscles of the thigh, their sheathes and tissues and the skin itself are digested and transformed into a blood stained pulp and there remains no more of the damaged limb than the bare skeleton. The animal survives only twenty-four hours after mutilation begins.

Dr. Laveran and his assistants are now engaged in preparing a serum with which to combat this microbe. The announcement at this particular time is of peculiar interest because of the frightful number of fatilities caused by gas gangrene in the war. Up to the present the microbe which had brought about the destruction of tissues had not been isolated, though its association with gas forming germs had been suspected.

More than a year ago the Lancet asserted that contrary to general opinion this most modern of wars was proportionately more costly in men that even the notorious Crimean campaign. When there is delay in giving aid the danger of infection and the development of life destroying microbes is of course tremendously increased.

Dr. Laveran was among the first of the scientists to recognise the necessity of new methods in combating the effects of trench fighting and of the greatly increased use of shell fire. He believed changes in modern warfare demanded changes in the scientific treatment of wounds. The first step was to determine accurately the real causes of gas gangrene and he began the exhaustive researches which have resulted in the discovery of the histolytic bacillus.

Dr. Laveran has made other contributions of scientific and medical value and is recognised as an authority by the medical world. He was the discoverer of the parasite technically known as the malarial plasmodium. He was awarded the Nobel prize for achievements in the medical field in 1907.

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French Peasants Reject Peace Till Kaiser Has Been Beaten; They Have Faith In Wilson

Desire End of War, but Not Before Rights of Humanity Are Safe From Future Menace---Morel, Socialist Parliamentary Leader, Speaks for Agriculturists, and ex-Mayor Lebas of Roubaix for French Men Now Under German Yoke

By Lincoln Eyre

Paris, January 17.—From two distinguished publicists eminently qualified to speak for them I have obtained a comprehensive idea of the attitude toward peace of the two least articulate elements of the population of France—the peasants, who are the backbone of their country's efforts, and the inhabitants of the invaded districts, who are Mars's pathetic victims.

For the former class, Compere Morel, an authority on agricultural life and a Socialist Parliamentary leader, told me that the French farmers have an iron resolve to listen to no terms of peace lacking an assurance of no more war to come.

W. B. Lebas, another prominent Socialist, who is better known, however, as the Mayor of Roubaix and for his six month's imprisonment as a hostage in Germany, formulated the unyielding determination of his erstwhile neighbors never to give in to present or future domination of the Central Empires.

"With absolute precision," M. Lebas observed, "I can assure you that there is no difference whatever between the sentiments of the people living under the invader's heel and those existing elsewhere in France, so far as the possibility of peace is concerned. If anything, the residents in such places as Lille, Roubaix and Tourcoing, having experienced the ruthless brutality of Prussianism at first hand, are more firmly opposed to any premature termination of the war than are their compatriots in the more fortunate parts of the country.

"Although I have had no direct news from the invaded departments since Germany's peace declarations, I know from repatriated refugees that the feeling there has not changed one whit since I was taken away to prison at Restadt in June, 1915. We did not believe what the Germans said then and we do not now.

"Of course, the sufferings they have endured have weighed so heavily upon some weaker folk that they are in a state of mental and moral collapse and would sacrifice all just to be rid of the German tyrants. But were a vote to be taken in Roubaix or any similar community today, with suffrage for women too, the majority would be overwhelmingly in favor of continuing the struggle until the attainment of a peace bassed upon the rights of humanity—such a peace as the Allies' note to President Wilson calls for. Of that I am absolutely certain.

Have Faith in Wilson

Speaking of President Wilson's message to the belligerents, M. Lebas said he believed that it would meet with the same reception in the occupied departments as it has encountered among the great mass of the French people.

"We have faith in the President's sincerity, and desire to co-operate with him in his humanitarian initiative as far as is possible without abandoning the principles for which the Allies are fighting—the righting of wrong for all time."

There is a widespread belief among those behind the German front that the Germans are fast approaching an economic crisis and that they are consenting to make a supreme final effort only because their Government tells them that if they do not the Allies will obliterate them, Lebas remarked.

"As the months go by, the German soldiers have become more and more confidental with their unwilling hosts." He added: "I known scores of authentic cases of them having told the French folk upon whom they were billeted that food conditions in the big German cities were even worse than in the towns of Northern France, like Roubaix."

"Eager though they are for peace, the peasants of France, both on the firing line and in the fields, will reject unhesitatingly any peace not carrying the conviction that war is ended forever," said Compere Morel, who possesses the almost unique distinction of being at the same time a representative of French Socialism and of the French agricultural workers. The tillers of the soil are usually inclined toward conservatism, but in France hundreds of thousands, perhaps millions, of them are disciples of the sane Socialistic doctrines preached by Morel in the Chamber of Deputies and in his editorials in the Socialist organ L'Humanite.

"It is the simple truth to say that the French peasantry have borne the brunt of the war's actual combat," M. Morel went on. Their physical strength qualifies them for the trenches more than any other class, and they have neither the political nor social influence to give them easy pasts in the rear of battle nor the technical skill to get into the munition factories. Moreover, their farms cannot be operated properly in their absence as the shops, factories and professional establishments can, and so many of them are obliged to let their fields run to seed in their absence, which means ruin.

Against Premature Peace

"Yet, because their hard common sense tells them that a premature peace means merely a brief lull in the reign of slaughter, they will have none of it. The fine points of this struggle may escape them, but they have grasped two ideas very firmly—that our enemies began this war and that neither they nor any one else must be left in a position at the finish of this war ever to start another one. That is why they will not permit any form of conquest, either on the part of our foes or of ourselves. And for the same reason they regard all considerations of territory and indemnity in a subsidiary light.

"Our peasants would rather surrender all chance of reparation and restitution, even to that of Alsace-Lorraine, rather than fail to obtain a peace based upon the abandonment of belligerency between the nations."

"How do the agricultural workers regard the Entente's reply to President Wilson?" I asked.

"At first sight," M. Morel said with the suggestion of a smile, "it appears to them a pretty extensive program and one that will take a long time to carry out. But they are adepts at driving a bargain, our country-folk, and they know that one must begin by naming a high price. They have not the slightest desire to crush the German people, but they are very determined to destroy the evil spirit of aggression animating that people's rulers. Perhaps to accomplish that it will be necessary to destroy those possessed of that devil."

"And the Kaiser's rejoinder to the Allies's response?"

"It doesn't fool our peasants for a moment. In fact, its tone is likely to increase the belief gaining ground among them that Germany needs peace, certainly far more than we do, and will eventually ask for it in a more reasonable fashion."

Opinion of the Soldiers

I asked what the army thought about those things—whether the soldiers shared the views of the people on the land.

"The army does not think as a unit. The army is simply a part of the people and has no special opinion of its own. In fact, in the very nature of things the soldiers think less about affairs in general than does the civilian population. They read nothing because, having been so often deceived by over-optimistic newspapers, they believe nothing in print.

"When a solider sees his adversary described in the newspapers as a pitiable object crying 'Kamerad,' with his hands above his head, and the next day encounters the same adversary in battle and finds him as strong as himself and exceedingly difficult to overcome he is naturally disgusted with the newspaper.

"Unless he is unusually intelligent and active minded, the soldier is apt to regard all matters not directly pertaining to himself and the bit of trench he occupies through a thick mist. I have received hundreds of letters from the front, and only a very small minority of them indicate an interest in or knowledge of things beyond the French parapet."

Won't Allow Debate On Haig's Interview

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. A. Bonar Law, referring to the interview with Sir Douglas Haig, recently published, said that Sir Douglas Haig had a frank conversation on the general situation with several important French journalists. Proofs were sent to British headquarters, but, owing to the action of a subordinate, they were not submitted to Sir Douglas Haig.

The Cabinet was ignorant of the matter until the interview appeared. He deprecated any further discussion of the matter.

COL. STIRLING-KEIR, M. P.

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—The Coalitionist candidate, Colonel Stirling-Keir, has been returned unopposed as Member of Parliament for West Perthshire.

SPORTS — Latest News of Athletic World — GOSSIP

Darcy Picks Australian as The Coming Heavy-Weight Champion

JIM TRACEY & LES DARCY.

In Jim Tracey, a former sparring partner of Les Darcy, the Australian champ, the fight fans of Kangarooland believe they have a future challenger of Jess Willard and champion of the world. Tracey is known in Australia as "The Cornstalk." He got his first professional fight by walking 2,000 miles from his home town in the Australian bush to Sydney. It took him three months to do it.

"The Cornstalk" is a youth of 18 summers. He stands six feet four inches in his stocking feet and weighs today 182 pounds. Darcy says that Tracey is the only sparring partner who can stand up against him. Darcy thinks that a little experience and another 28 pounds will make the "Cornstalk" championship material. Tracey has gone through some 20 round battles with Australian scrappers of ability, and has shown considerable class, besides which he is constantly improving.

SHANGHAI RIFLE ASSN.

Members of the S. R. A. are reminded that the second February monthly competition will be held tomorrow (24th) from 6.30 to 8.30 a.m., Ranges 500 yards, One sighter and seven scoring shots.

Basketball

A very interesting game of basketball was held last night in the Y.M.C.A. Gymnasium between the U.S.S. Wilmington and the Y.M.C.A. Physical Directors. The game was fast and exciting all the way through. Swan and McCloy were the chief scorers for the Physical Directors while Montgomery and Stabler figured for the sailors. The game ended in favor of the Physical Directors by 38 to 25.

Result:—

Physical Directors:		Wilmington:	
McCloy, f.	12	Stabler, f.	6
Yang, f.	2	Decker, F.	4
Swan, c.	18	Montgomery, c.	9
Hoh, g.	4	Goldstucker, g.	4
Tsu, g.	2	Blackman, g.	2
	38		25

Referee: Fred Ko.

Time-keeper and Score-keeper: Walter H. Chen.

Before the big game came off, preliminary games were played between the Y. Team and M. Team which resulted in a win for the former by 8 to 4: and between the A. Team and C. Team, the latter winning by 16 to 10. These games are League games and in future ought to prove very interesting. Games are held every Thursday evening at 7.30.

China Army Students Get Japan Privilege

Tokio, Feb. 21.—In view of bringing about thorough friendship between China and Japan the Japanese Government has consented that Chinese students be specially admitted to the Military Staff College, the College for Artillery and Engineers, the College for Cavalry and the College for Infantry, which had hitherto not been open to them. Thus thirteen Chinese officers from Major-General to Ensign will proceed to Japan to further their studies.

N.Y.K. TO ARM VESSELS

Tokio, Feb. 21.—It has been decided to arm the Japanese liners on foreign routes and the N.Y.K. has decided to arm 17 vessels for Europe, 8 vessels for New York and two vessels for Africa, totalling twenty-seven vessels.

PORT OF N.Y. REGULATIONS

Tokio, Feb. 21.—A telegram from the U. S. A. reports:—Until the relations with Germany are clearly settled the port of New York has prohibited the entrance and the clearance of ships after sunset.

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Showing the fourth episode, in Two Reels,

"The Master Touch"

MATINEE, Sunday, February 25th at 3 p.m.

"SALAMBO"

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WEATHER

Bad weather over the Eastern Sea Very cloudy or overcast weather, with N. E. breezes, in our regions.

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, FEBRUARY 23, 1917

Mr. Balfour's Plea

(*New York World*)

MR. Balfour's note to the United States Government, transmitted in connection with the Allies' answer to the President, is another contribution of first importance to the diplomacy of honesty and sincerity.

Nobody has stated the case against Germany with less passion and more clearness. Nobody has more precisely measured the limitations of the peace terms proposed by the Allies as a guarantee for the future.

Insisting that peace can be durable only if it is based upon the success of the Allied cause, the British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has the courage, nevertheless, to admit that the terms defined in the answer to the President cannot do more than "diminish the occasions of war." They provide no sufficient security against the recurrence of war.

Perhaps if Mr. Balfour had been free from official responsibility he might have gone further and conceded that the terms in certain instances might be provocative of war. Certainly there is no guarantee of peace in the proposal to barricade a great empire like Austria-Hungary from the sea in order to aggrandize Italy. That would only compel Austria-Hungary to fight its way back to the sea at whatever cost. And while it may contribute to the welfare of mankind to exile the Ottoman Empire from European soil, it will not necessarily promote peace if the Turk is driven out of Constantinople in order to let the Russian in. Under its present institutions, Russia is anything but a desirable neighbor even to its allies.

The strength of Mr. Balfour's argument lies in its keen recognition that something more than territorial manipulation is essential to the security of Europe. His own theory of a durable peace depends upon three conditions:

1. "The first is that existing causes of international unrest should be as far as possible removed or weakened."

2. "The second is that the aggressive aims and the unscrupulous methods of the Central Powers should fall into disrepute among their own peoples."

3. The third is that behind all international law and treaty arrangements "some form of international sanction should be devised which would give pause to the hardiest aggressor."

The second and third are by far the most weighty. The first is largely a sop to national prestige and territorial greed.

In sustaining his argument that the German people themselves must be brought to perceive the futility of the policies that the German Government has adopted and which brought on the war, Mr. Balfour might have followed the example of the Prime Minister and appealed to Lincoln, who in his letter to the Springfield Convention defined the vital issue of the Civil War in this fashion:

"Peace does not appear so distant as it did. I hope it will come soon and come to stay; and so come as to be worth the keeping in all future time. It will then have been proved that among freemen there can be no successful appeal from the ballot to the bullet, and that they who take such an appeal are sure to lose their case and pay the cost."

This is essentially Mr. Balfour's argument in the case of Germany, and it is profoundly true. Germany appealed to war while spurning the processes of peace. It appealed to the bullet when it might have appealed to the conference, and all the blood that has been spilled in this war is upon the hands of the responsible officials of the empire that compelled the crime.

Until the German people realise that the country which recklessly rushes into war must pay the price of war, they have learned nothing that can promote the peace of the world. Whatever territorial adjustments are made, whatever indemnities are imposed, the war will have been fought in vain unless the German people themselves come to perceive the ghastly folly of the Prussian gospel of domination.

A Notable Year In The Church

The Past Twelve Months in the religious world are memorable for the donations to churches and the progress made toward greater unity. Such is the comment of a writer in the New York Herald, who reviewing the year 1916 in which every event was influenced by the European War, finds that the "result was increased gifts of money and lives to missions and a deeper and more practical interest in the propagating of the Golden Rule at home and in Christian lands abroad." He notes also that a great stride forward in the temperance movement was made when four more States went dry at the elections in November, so that now there are twenty-three States in the "dry" column. In this connection we learn from the report of the Board of Temperance of the Methodist Episcopal Church, that—

"The Territory of Alaska, by a 5 to 3 vote, exprest itself in favor of prohibition on November 7, 1916, but it is necessary that Congress put the policy into effect, as that body reserves the right to legislate on the liquor question for Alaska. Utah, by action of a pledged legislature, will pass a prohibition law, to become effective August 1, 1917. Florida, also by pledged legislative action, will submit a prohibition amendment to the Constitution to be voted upon in the general elections of 1918.

"Wyoming has a legislature pledged to prohibition submission, but the details of its action are not determined. New Mexico is expected to vote upon the question in 1918. The Democratic primary of Texas has instructed the legislature to submit the question to be voted upon July 28, 1917. Minnesota has a substantial dry majority in its legislature, and will probably go dry in 1918.

"It is practically assured that Kentucky and Nevada will vote upon prohibition, but the time is not certain. Nevada will almost certainly go dry, and the result in Kentucky can not be predicted. In Missouri and Indiana strong effort to induce the forthcoming sessions of the legislature to enact statutory prohibition will be made. Iowa, with statutory prohibition, will, by its legislature, submit prohibition for the Constitution for the second time, as is required by law before it may be voted upon."

In evidence of the growth of Church unity, our Herald informant points toward the merging of the two great branches of the Methodist Church, North and South, and he recalls that last winter commissions of all American Protestant churches met at Garden City, L. I., for the first time, and adopted a general platform on which it recommended that the World Confefence on Faith and Order proceed. We are reminded also that Pope Benedict XV. sent a letter to the commissions, assuring them of his "deep interest and prayers."

Adverting to pension funds, the Herald writer informs us that the fund of the Episcopal Church amounted to more than $3,500,000, and there is every indication that it will reach the goal of $5,000,000 by March 1 next. The pension fund of the Presbyterian Church climbed to $5,250,000. Furthermore, millions of dollars were collected in the United States to aid war-sufferers, and we are told that the Jews alone have sent more than one million dollars to their brethren on the Continent. The Presbyterian, Episcopal, and Methodist Churches have kept their pastors on the continent supplied with funds to distribute, and the Catholic Church, through its Peter's Pence collection and its gifts to the Society for the Propagation of the Faith, has endeavored to make good what has been necessarily stopt by the countries at war. As an instance of the increase in gifts for missions, the writer mentions one million dollars raised by the Southern Baptist Church for added equipment to its foreign-mission stations in memory of Adoniram Judson, the first Protestant missionary to Burma. Again, a nation-wide campaign was launched to secure $300,000—a large proportion of which is pledged—for the Judson Memorial Baptist Church in Washington Square, New York, to make it a national memorial to the late Rev. Dr. Edward Judson, who founded it for foreign-speaking Americans. Looking forward, we are advised that a notable event of the religious year to come will be the world-wide celebration of the four hundredth anniversary of the Reformation.

The Church's Duty To The Stage

Writers and Producers of "lecherous and slimy plays" have been picked out for especial denunciation in the Bishop of London's campaign against vice in the British metropolis. But the British theatrical profession resent the loose employment of such phrases. The eminent English actor, Mr. H. B. Irving, in an evening lecture at the Church of St. Martin's-in-the-Field, replied that such plays as the Bishop describes "do not pass the censor; and if a play in any way answering to that description has found its way upon the stage, it has been a very rare occurrence, and has generally met with the fate it deserved." And Mr. Irving would say further, in answer to such criticism, that "in point of actual decency the English stage always has been, and is, the most decent in the world. That is to a large extent because the public has made it so. Let those who would correct anything amiss in our theaters go to the theaters for themselves, see the undesirable things, point them out clearly and unmistakably. But do not make loose and general charges not founded on actual experience, as the Bishop of London has done."

Mr. Irving spoke in one of a series of lectures on Church problems being given at St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, and his topic was, "The Amusement of the People." Besides replying to the Bishop of London and the rest, he asked Church people to deal more kindly with the theater, to recognize its necessary place in life, and to help it to realize its highest ideals. People, he said, as quoted in the London Daily Telegraph, "must be amused, just as they must be fed and clothed." The Church recognizes that need in realizing that its own service must be attractive, that "the preaching must be if possible, stirring and exciting—even in the gloomiest religions the hell-fires to which the sinful were assigned must be made to flame brightly." The actor thus paid his respects to the Puritan Sabbath of old—and New—England:

"Our present attitude toward Sunday amusements is both illogical and hypocritical in character. Cinematograph theaters are allowed to be opened on Sunday on condition that they give some comparatively small portion of their proceeds to charity. But if, on a Sunday, in a cause purely of charity, some one wants to play a play of Shakespeare's, or even a little duolog of a most harmless and innocent character, it is forbidden. However beautiful or elevating the play and its purpose, however conspicuously a work of genius, it must not be acted on Sunday, while anything in the way of roaring farce or lurid melodrama is allowed to be exhibited at cinematographs under the cover of a modest contribution to charity. What are you, as a Church, going to say to insincerity of this kind? To judge from the utterances of the Bishop of London and others, the Church would seem to be casting about to find some *point d'appui* on which to fix itself to meet our changed conditions.

"Our Allies, the French, are a nation of Sabbath-breakers according to our lights. Are they any the worse for it, tried in the furnace of a bloody war? Does the dismal day our Sunday means in the afternoon? Will your churches unattractive—does that form of day do us any good? Are prayer and devotion in the morning entirely inconsistent with harmless amusement in the afternoon? Will your churches be any the fuller for shutting the theaters? Is religious observance inconsistent with mirth and jollity?"

The artistic side of the question of the Church's relations with the theater is closely connected with the moral side, in Mr. Irving's opinion. The speaker alluded to the modern youthful distaste for "highbrow" entertainment, the dislike for anything serious or intellectual. He asked:

'Is the amusement of the people to become purely frivolous; are the great plays that once held the stage for all classes of the public to become the enjoyment of the few? If so, then great drama and great acting will cease to be.

"The steady growth of every form of lighter and more frivolous entertainment has, no doubt, been intensified by the war—but what of the future? Are we going to be more spiritual or more material after the war? You, of the Church, are probably asking that question more anxiously than I am. But there is a spiritual side to the theater as well as to religion. If the primary object of the theater must always be to amuse and interest, yet it can interest in such a way as to elevate men's minds and make them think of something higher and nobler than the mere trivialities of life. The power of the stage in this direction is beyond question. Now, if the stage is to show people the facts of life, it is obvious that it can not show those facts truly if it deals merely with what is cheerful and frivolous, and shows nothing of the tragedies of life that are going on around us.

"And the Church can do something in recognizing first of all that the amusement of the people is as natural and wholesome a necessity as their health or spiritual welfare. Your concern is not only to see that such amusement be clean and decent—the public will to a great extent look after that for themselves—but you will be doing stage and public a real service if you strive to rescue this particular form of amusement from becoming merely trivial and inane, if you help to give it the power and the means to carry out its higher purposes. Remember that never has the public been catered for in the way of amusement so prodigally as today, and that prodigality will certainly not get less as time goes on. You can not hope to stem the tide. Take it at the flood, and try your utmost to guide at least a part of it into worthy channels. So you will be serving, I believe, not only the cause of art, but indirectly the cause of religion."

The Messiah-Christ — A Reply

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir.—Some little time has passed, without anyone assuming the responsibility of answering the correspondence of February 6, in your columns, by Mentor; but there may yet be warrant for a reply. The statement was made that the Old Testament is the "sole source of authority on the subject of the Messiah"; and, therefore, the New Testament should harmonize. It does!

The Old is in the New revealed,
The New is in the Old concealed.

As to the impossibility of acceptance of the Trinity, by believers in the Unity of God, the Old Testament is not silent. In the very first chapter of Genesis, where we see Elohim at His creative work, this great fact is attested through the change of pronouns (Gen. 1:26-27). "And God said, 'Let Us make man in our image, after our likeness. So God made man in His image.'" In what way is man made in the likeness of God, if not in his three-fold nature in one—spirit, mind, and body? To our mind, the best interpretation of this unfathonable truth is: "All there is of God is in the Father; all that can be seen is in the Son; and all that can be felt is in the Holy Spirit." This is not contrary to reason, but "above reason" and therefore in the realm of Revelation.

No less clear are the statements of the Word of God in the Old Testament, which refute the idea of either a "Semi-God" or a mere "man-Messiah"; but, taken together show His complete Divinity and complete Humanity in One. This union is a hypostatic union: He is not God and man, He is the God-Man.

The unfolding of Revelation, as to His *nationality*, progresses in ever eliminating circles. Gen. 3:15 first reveals Him in wide terms as "the Seed of the woman." (This leaves room for and suggests the Incarnation). Another prophecy, however, limits to the family-tree of Shem (Gen. 9:26). This is again too general for recognition of the Coming One. The next restriction says of Abraham, "In thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed." Here two nations might be included, but God chooses Isaac to the exclusion of Ishmael and the Arab. Yet once more the circle narrows, and this time Esau the Edomite is rejected for Jacob the Israelite. The Messiah is to be a Jew, and lest we should still mistake Him—of the tribe of Judah and of the house of David. Messiah is "Son of Man."

Yet though an Israelite by nationality His *Divinity* is no less a subject of prophecy. Isaiah announces with clearness, "For unto us (Israel) a child is born, unto us a Son is given and His name shall be called the MIGHTY GOD, the EVERLASTING FATHER, the PRINCE OF PEACE" (Isa. 9:6). Jeremiah repeats this claim, calling Him "The LORD OUR RIGHTEOUSNESS" (23:5-6). He is addressed directly as "GOD" in Psalm 45, and in Micah V it is stated: 'From Bethlehem shall He come forth unto Me that is to be Ruler in Israel; whose goings forth have been from of old from everlasting." Messiah is God.

The mysterious union of God and man is evident when we read Isa. 7:14—"Behold a virgin shall . . . bear a Son and shall call His name Immanuel—'God with us.'"

As to the Time, can He be unquestionably recognized? Let us proceed from general to special prophecies. To be brief, Isa. 11:1 declares: "There shall come forth a Rod out of the stem (stump) of *Jesse*, and a Branch shall grow out of His roots." The tree has been felled, the royal line of David is not now on the throne. The status of the nation has become that of the lowly Jesse. Under these conditions Christ came, Syria being a Roman province; but how wide the possibility as to time of fulfillment: as, witness the many since, who have claimed to be He.

Further restrictions are found in Haggai 2:7-9, confining His (first) advent to the days of the Second Temple; which, though not as magnificent as Solomon's, was to be glorified by the *presence* of "the Desire of all Nations"—Abraham's promised Seed, in Whom *all* the nations of the earth are to be blessed. Forty years after the Crucifixion this Temple was destroyed. (In the Hebrew the noun 'Desire' is singular, while the verb 'shall come' is plural—another quiet assertion of the Trinity).

The records at length reach their focus of time in Dan. 9:24-26. They are found to be computed to the year. In Bible chronology, "a day for a year" is the inspired rule of prophecy; and we are brought by simple calculations to the year 34 A. D., the historic date of Christ's death, who expired at the very hour of the slaying of the Paschal Lamb. The conclusion is evident and leaves us in no doubt—Messiah *has come*! And He is "the Lamb of God which taketh away the sin of the world." If not, how can Israel be saved, seeing the Temple sacrifices soon after ceased?

Most marvelous! The full *purpose* of this death, Daniel was given to know years before, namely: "To *make* reconciliation for iniquity and to *bring in* everlasting righteousness." Herein lies the essence of Christianity. Messiah was to be a Saviour by dying (!); and "cut off" shows the manner to be by violence. Furthermore, Isaiah's statement "being taken from prison and from judgment," implies His condition to be that of a condemned criminal. In this same chapter (53d.) the Coming Redeemer is mirrored for us in His sorrow and rejection (v. 1-3), death (8-12), entombment (9), resurrection (10-14) and yes, final triumph! Again, Psalm 22 paints the scenes of the Crucifixion day. We need only turn to the Gospels to read of their fulfillment.

That He would be generally rejected God foreknew; as seen by the words of Isaiah: "His Holy One. Him Whom man despiseth. Him Whom *the* Nation abhorreth." This passage is the more remarkable as it also reveals God's subsequent plan: "Though Israel be not gathered. . . . I will also give thee for a light to the nations, that Thou mayest be my salvation unto the ends of the earth." Oh, the depths of the riches of the all inclusive love of God!

But mankind has not seen the last of Jesus Christ. His first coming was necessary to prepare hearts for the new Kingdom of God; but "this same Jesus" is promised to "come again." The more one studies Biblical prophecy, the more is one impressed that "Prophecy is history written beforehand, by the finger of God."

However, it is a worthy objection, if it can be proved, that the Christ contradicted in Himself any Old Testament prophecy. One is inferred by Mentor between Malachi and Matthew:—"He shall turn back the heart of the fathers to the children," vs. "Think not that I am come to send peace on earth. . . . for I come to set a man at variance against his father. . . ." This is a prophetic utterance, and not what the "Prince of Peace" desires. He always felt the forces of evil against Himself—"The Truth." To His brethren He said: "The world cannot hate you, but Me it hateth, because I testify of it that the works thereof are evil"; to His disciples, "The servant is not greater than his lord." In His omniscience, He plainly foresaw the increased intensity of the struggle between good and evil. Witness the truth of this prophecy in many a home when a member becomes a Christian: no attitude is too bitter, no word too biting. In contrast to this, note Christ's words. "A new *commandment* I give unto you, that ye love one another. Love your enemies." To the extent that Christians 'abide in Christ' are they enabled to do this. They are commanded to "grow in grace!" About perfection is their goal for "When He shall appear, we shall be like HIM."

In contrast to this, the words of Jesus to Mary in John 2 are cited by Mentor as "harsh and inhuman." This misrepresents a statement, the language of which is neither fault-finding nor a rebuke. Weymouth's modern translation shows its true spirit, namely: "Leave the matter in my hands; the time for me to act has not yet come." The term "woman" was an ordinary mode of address and used again, with great pathos, from the cross.

To return to this prophecy of Malachi. Has Christ failed to turn the heart of the fathers, etc., and hence cannot be the promised Messiah? The answer is simple. The context shows the time has not yet come. Something must precede, before "the Sun of Righteousness shall rise with healing in His wings!" Malachi calls it "the day that shall burn like an oven:" Matthew calls it the Great Tribulation—when, the Holy Spirit and the Church having been withdrawn, man is abandoned to his own way. (Psa. 2; 2: Thes. 2, 7).

But what assurance have we that all such prophecies as we have just mentioned, and countless more, are marching towards a sure and certain fulfillment? All is in God's plan. Even the long period now intervening between the first and second advents of Christ is contemporaneously declared. This is clearly seen in Psalm 110, where Christ's present work of intercession at God's right hand is stated (Rom. 8, 34); and also the time of duration, "Sit Thou on My right hand, till I make thine enemies thy footstool." That Jesus also recognized the above interpolation of time before His return, is shown in Luke 4: when reading in the Scriptures from Isa. 6, 1-2, he closed the Book in the middle of the verse, and sat down saying: "This day is this Scripture fulfilled in your ears." "The Day of Vengeance" is still to come. Two age-long questions will then be settled—the "sin" question, and the "Son" question (Jno. 3. 18). Mercy rejected brings purifying judgment.

Scripture is very definite in predicting a Coming One capable of fulfilling in Himself all prophecies, both past and future: and His name is the Lord Jesus Christ. We are told that "every eye shall see Him, and they also that pierced Him," come "in the clouds in power and great glory." His recognition will be unquestioned, because of the dazzling marks of His Passion in His hands and side (see Habakkuk 3-4). His redemptive work, at the first advent, entitles Him to the glory of His second advent. King of Kings and Lord of Lords! His glorious reign, the Millennium, is described at length in Isaiah II. The overflowing cup of power and honor is then given to the Jewish nation, who will bring joy and prosperity to the whole earth. There will be holy progress under ideal conditions.

If the above glimpses of the wonders of prophecy shall lead to further "searching of the Scriptures," this correspondence has not been in vain. Man's reason, and science, are fallible apart from the light of the Holy Spirit, the author of this stupendous volume.

Time hastens on; the Hour approaches. "Watchman, what of the night? The morning cometh and also the night." The optimism of the true Christian should lie in the Blessed Hope of the glad morning of Christ's near return. But to others "Shall not the day of the Lord be darkness and not light, even very dark, and no brightness in it?" (Amos 5, 20) "And what I say unto you I say unto all, Watch."

Very sincerely yours,

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

BY GOLLY! HERE COMES MAGGIE - SHE MUSTN'T SEE ME WITH THESE FLOWERS-
STAGE DOOR
WHAT ARE YOU DOING HERE?
I WUZ WAITIN' FER YOU - I SAW YOU COMIN'!
WHAT HAVE YOU IN YOUR HANDS?
NOTHIN'- MAGGIE
COME ON I GUESS I WUZ SUSPICIOUS-
SMACK
SMACK
GEO MCMANUS

Love, Home and Table Topics By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the Leisure Hour

Anecdotes Of The Famous

The famous French artist, Gustave Dore, was born and reared in the shadows of Strassburg Cathedral.

"At the age of eight," says a biographer, "he broke his right arm, but became, as if by magic, ambidextrous. As he lay in bed he cheerily drew pictures all day long with his left hand.

"At ten years of age he witnessed a grand public ceremony. Strassburg celebrated the inauguration of a monument to Gutenberg, and the festival was of extraordinary splendor. Fifteen cars represented the industrial corporations of the city; each was symbolically adorned, and in each rode men, women and children dressed in the costumes of the fifteenth century. Among the corporations were the Peintres-Verriers, or painters on stained glass, and their car proved especially attractive to one small looker-on.

"Inspired by the color and movement of the fete, the child determined to repeat the preformance on a smaller scale. Cars, costumes, banners and decorations were all designed by this boy of ten. With the approval of his teachers and the collaboration of his schoolfellows, the Dore procession, consisting of four highly decorated cars, drawn by boys, defiled before the college authorities and made the round of the cathedral, with the youthful impressario at its head. The car of the painters on glass was conspicuously elaborate; a star copied from one of the cathedral windows bore the words, 'G. Dore, facit.' It is small wonder that the adoring mother should have seen in those beginnings the dawn of genius."

• • •

In the opinion of those most competent to judge, as well as in that of the public, John Bright was the best parliamentary speaker of the day. He had all the physical attributes of a great orator, including a splendid voice. His diction, drawn largely from the English Bible and Milton, was further enriched by all the knowledge of the great English poets, and his most recent biographer, George Macaulay Trevelyan, claims for him the additional distinction of an intuition for the right word that was almina unerring. In the House of Commons, at the crisis of the Crimean War, Bright daringly said:

"The angel of death has been abroad throughout the land; you may almost hear the beating of his wings."

He carried it off triumphantly, but Cobden afterwards said to him:

"If you had said 'flapping,' the House would have laughed."

• • •

Brahms was always credited with a frugal mind, and the following story is told of him and the late Erich Wolff. A cigarette had been offered by the former to the latter, who received it with emotion and placed it carefully in his waistcoat pocket. "Why do you put the cigarette away? Why not light it now?" asked Brahms, who had already struck a match. "I canont smoke it," replied Wolff. "I shall take great care of it; it is not every day that one gets a cigarette from Johannes Brahms!" Thereupon the composer opened his cigarette case again and said, with a smile of satisfaction: "Then just give me back the good cigarette, will you For your purpose an imitation will serve just as well!"

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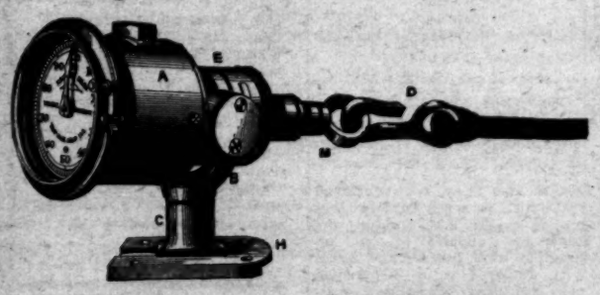

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Little Bobbie's Pa

By William F. Kirk

I was reeding a story last nite about a man that worked up from a office boy to be the President of a big house, sed Ma. I do hoap little Bobbie will show sum traits like that.

He will if he takes after me, sed Pa. I started at the bottom, you know. I attry-but my rise to Sheer Pluck, sed Pa, & Sobryty.

What? sed Ma.

Sobryty, sed Pa, the art of keeping yure knees from wobbling.

That is very quaint, sed Ma. Still, Ma sed, I cant deny that you have succeeded. I would say, tho, sed Ma, that you have come to the front not on account of yure habits, but rather in spite of them, sed Ma.

Thare are a lot of cases of a boy getting ahed in the wurld like the gent of wich you are speaking of, sed Pa, & I want to impress on little Bobbie that back of every grate rise in the wurld thare is a lot of hard work & not much of anything else, provided you are there with the old branes, sed Pa. & Pluck, sed Pa, doant forget Pluck.

You always were kind of brave, now that you menshun it, sed Ma. You were never afrad of late hours & you always had the courage to say No wen sumone sed Lets go home.

I think I may safely say my courage is grater than that, sed Pa. I know the meaning of so many words, Pa sed, that it is simply wunderful that I doant know the meening of the word Fear.

You are a deer boy, sed Ma. Every day I see new reasons why I galv you my girlish hart back in Wisconsin, & I mite have married any one of half a dozen vary prosperous men, sed Ma.

Yes, sed Pa, everybody had mummy in Wisconsin in them days. The good old pine trees was maiking fortunes for peepal then. It is too bad that littel Bobbie will nevver have one of them wunderful chances. The pine is all gone, sed Ma, & many of the deer old men that used to steel it. Bobbie will have to look elseware for a career, sed Ma. I only hoap he wont grow up & be a aktor, sed Ma. Thare is so many temtashuns in the road of a star.

I never minded them any in my line, sed Pa, & I have offen herd you say I am a star.

You are one man in a thousand, with yure grand will, sed Ma. How much mummy have you loose, that you doant need. I must do sum shopping, sed Ma.

Here is twenty dollars that was dodging around in my vest, sed Pa. Take it beefoar I get rash and lend it, Pa sed. Poor little thing, sed Pa, it is jest dying to be spent.

I wish all the boys & gurls cud have a Pa like mine. But Pa says that is a hopeless wish.

Our Wonder World

At the end of each arm in the common starfish there is a little red eye. It is sheltered at the base of the terminal tube foot, which has become altogether censory. The eye or eye cushion shows numerous little cups, each closed by a lens, lined by red rod-like sensory cells, clothed externally by supporting cells and containing a transparent watery substance. Herr Hellmuth Plessner, a German scientist, made a number of experiments at Heligoland in order to discover how much a starfish sees with these "eyes" or eye-spots. The answer is—not very much. It does not form an image, nor does it perceive a moving object. But it has considerable sensitiveness in distinguishing different degrees of light and shade. Even the skin of the starfish is responsive to differences of illumination in the immediate vicinity, but by means of its "eyes" the starfish becomes aware of distant illumination that differs, either positively or negatively, from that of the immediately surrounding area.

• • •

We are told by Darwin in his "Origin of Species" that in the month of February of a certain year he took three tablespoonfuls of mud from three different places beneath the surface of the water of a small pond, which mud weighed only six and three-quarter ounces and was all contained in a breakfast cup. He kept it covered in his study for six months, and during this period obtained from it the astonishing number of 537 plants. On November 15, 1911, a Scotsman contributor planted a dozen acorns in a patch of soil, taken from a hedgerow, of about twenty-eight inches in length by about eleven inches in width and about two and a half inches deep, and he resolved to take a note of the number of plants which should grow from seed naturally contained in it. By November 15, 1912, he had removed from time to time, as they showed themselves, 155 plants, and by November 15, 1913, 56 more, or for the two years 211 plants in all.

• • •

The cause assigned for the fact that water freezes only for a comparatively small space at the surface of rivers or ponds is thus explained. Scientists authoritatively declare that water is at its heaviest when it reaches forty degrees Fahrenheit—that is, eight degrees above freezing point. On a frosty night, as each top layer of water falls to forty degrees, it sinks to the bottom; therefore the whole pond has to drop to forty degrees before any of it can freeze. At length it is all cooled to this point, and then ice begins to form. But ice is a very bad conductor of heat; therefore it shuts off the freezing air from the body of warmer water underneath. The thicker it gets the more perfectly does it act as a greatcoat, and that is why even the Arctic Ocean never freezes beyond a few feet in thickness.

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Tint cards and further particulars

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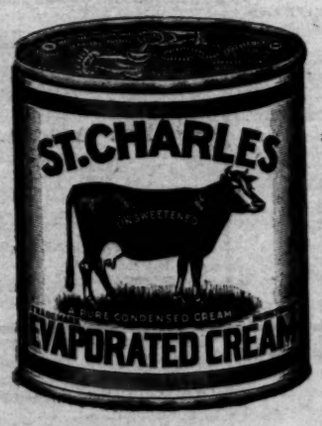
"ST. Charles" Cream Waffles—



1½ Cups Flour
1 Tablespoonful Sugar
3 Level teaspoonfuls Baking Powder.
3 Eggs.
1 Cupful ST. CHARLES CREAM
½ Teaspoonful Salt

Sift Flour, Baking Powder, Salt and Sugar in bowl, and milk and yolks of eggs, fold in beaten whites. Bake in very hot greased waffle iron.

Serve with "DEL MONTE" Honey or Syrup.

Be careful not to put too much batter in Waffle iron.

"St. Charles" Cream is sold in three sizes:

Baby, medium and large size tins

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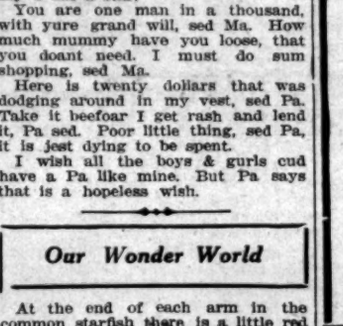

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Quotations Closing
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$625 B.
Chartered	£39 10s.
Russo-Asiatic	R. 250
Cathay, ordy	Tls. 5
Cathay, pref	Tls. 5
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 375
North China	Tls. 150
Union of Canton	$945.
Yangtsze	$257½
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$155
Hongkong Fire	$367½
Shipping	
Indo-China Pref.	Tls. 128
Indo-China Def.	
"Shell"	106s.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 18 B.
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 50 S.
Kochien	Tls. 35
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9.60
Oriental Cons.	29s.
Philippine	Tls. 1.
Raub	$2.40 S.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$126½ Sa.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 87
New Eng. Works	Tls. 11 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 75 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 89 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 87
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 86
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3.
Central Stores	$8½ B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50.
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50.
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 158½
E-wo Pref.	Tls. 105
International	Tls. 72
International Pref.	Tls. 98
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 80
Oriental	Tls. 44
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 112 B.
Kung Yik	Tls. 14.10
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 6½
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 101
Industrials	
Butler Tile	Tls. 23
China Sugar	$120 S.
Green Island	$11.40 B.
Langkats	Tls. 19 B.
Major Bros.	Tls. b
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 165
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$15¼
Llewellyn	$60
Lane, Crawford	$92½ B.
Moutrie	$35
Watson	$6¾ B.
Weeks	$18 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 11½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 1½ S.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 10¼ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 4¾ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 35 B.
Batu Apam 1913	Tls. 1.60
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 4¾ B.
Bute	Tls. 1.70
Chemor United	Tls. 1½
Chempedak	Tls. 10½
Cheng	Tls. 2.90
Consolidated	Tls. 3¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 11.40 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 7½ S.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 19½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 6 B.
Kapala	Tls. 1.10.
Kapayang	Tls. 26 B.
Karan	Tls. 16.
Kota Bahroes	Tls. 9 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 20½
Padang	Tls. 13 B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 9¾ B.
Permata	Tls. 3¾ XD.B.
Repah	Tls. 1.20 B.
Samagagas	Tls. 1 B.
Seekee	Tls. 7½
Semambu	Tls.1.60
Senawang	Tls. 13 B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 90 cts. B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 8
S'hai Malay-pref	Tls. 13.
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1.60 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1½ B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 11¾
Sua Manggis	Tls. 6¼ B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 1.20
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 1
Taiping	Tls. 1¾ B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 1.05 B.
Tebong	Tls. 20½ B.
Ulobri	Tls. 1⅛ B.
Ziangbe	Tls. 5¾ B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I. and E. Lumber	Tls. 110
Culty Dairy	Tls. 10 S.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 75 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 22 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 30
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 30.
S'hai Telephone	Tls. 85 Sa.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 210 B.

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Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, Februry 22, 1917.

Money and Bullion

Gold Dollar Bank's buying rate @ 85⅛ = Tls. 1.19 @ 71.9 = $1.65

	Tls.
Mex. Dollars, Market rate	71.5375
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1860
Sovereigns:	
Buying rate @ 3/6¼ = Tls.	5.68
Exch. @ 71.9 = Mex. $	7.90
Peking Bar	298
Native Interest	.04

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver	7 3/16 d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5½ %
Market rate of discount:—	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	
Ex., Paris on London	Fr. 27.80
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T.	$ 476⅞
Consols	£ —

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	3-6⅛
London	Demand	3-6⅜
India (nominal)	T.T.	255½
Paris	T.T.	492½
Paris	Demand	493
New York	T.T.	84¼
New York	Demand	84⅜
Hongkong	T.T.	66⅝
Japan	T.T.	60⅝
Batavia	T.T.	207

Banks Buying Rates

London	4 m-s. Cdts.	3-7⅞
London	4 m-s. Docy.	3-8
London	6 m-s. Cdts.	3-8⅜
London	6 m-s. Docy.	3-8½
Paris	4 m-s.	510½
New York	4 m-s.	87⅜

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATE OF EXCHANGE FOR FEBRUARY.

£1 = Hk. Tls.		4.97
Hk. Tls. 1 =	Francs	5.59
" " 1 =	Marks	†4.57
Gold $1 =	Hk. Tls.	1.05
Hk. Tls. 1 =	Yen	1.87
" " 1 =	Rupees	3.02
" " 1 =	Rouble	3.44
" " 1 =	Mex.	$1.50

† Nominal.

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Stock Exchange Transactions

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS
Shanghai, February 22, 1917.

Official

S. M. C. 6% Debs 1916 Tls. 89.00
S. M. C. 5½% Debs 1915 Tls. 84.00
Telephones Tls. 85.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.15
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.25
Bukits Tls. 4.75
Consolidated Tls. 3.25
Dominions Tls. 11.40
Java Consolidated Tls. 20.00
Permatas Tls. 3.75 XD.
Samagagas Tls. 1.00
Shanghai Klebangs Tls. 1.00
Sua Manggis Tls. 6.25
Tanah Merah Tls. 1.05
Tebongs Tls. 22.50
Almas Tls. 11.50

Sharebrokers Association Transactions

BUSINESS DONE
Shanghai, February 22, 1917.

Official

Hall and Holtz $15.50 cash

Hongkong Share Market

Hongkong, February 16.—Messrs. Moxon and Taylor report as follows:—

The volume of business transacted since the date of our last circular has been on quite a small scale, and at prices showing, generally speaking, a tendency to say away, with the sole exception of Wharf shares, which have suddenly come into prominence, and in which a fair amount of business has been done.

Tight money continues to exercise an adverse influence on the market, both here and in Shanghai, although the situation appears to be more accentuated in Shanghai than here, business in the North being absolutely at a standstill as far as one is able to judge.

The reported decision taken by the Banks in the North to restrict further export of Silver will, no doubt, exercise a good influence gradually as time goes on, but it must be admitted that there is no evidence showing the chance of really easy money in Shanghai for some time to come.

Banks.—Hongkong Banks are offering at $715 with no business to report.

Marine Insurances.—Unions have changed hands at $900, closing with sellers at the rate. Cantons at $375, North Chinas at Tls. 150, and Yangtszes at $255 are unchanged from last week.

Fire Insurances.—Hongkong Fires have come to business to a small extent at $367½ and China Fires at $155 are a neglected market.

Shipping.—Douglases at $114 are without feature. Deferred Indos have been dealt in at $127 for the Settlement, probably more shares could be placed at the rate. Preferred Indos at $41½ are unchanged from last week. Star Ferries could be placed at $33, and Steamboats at $19 ex dividend.

Refineries.—China Sugars closed last week at $126, but the market has since fallen away to $118 at which a small business has been done. Malabons have changed hands at $38½.

Oils and Mining.—Langkats are quoted Tls. 20 in the North with no business to report locally. Raubs have been dealt in at $2. Tronohs at 28/6, Shells at 106/6, and Urals at 32/9 are unchanged.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves have suddenly come into prominence, and a fair amount of business has resulted at $90 for cash, with $92 for March, $93 for April, and $94½ for May done. Hongkong Docks could probably be placed at $125½ for cash, and Shanghai Docks continue to offer at Tls. 85.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals are offering at $95 and Hongkong Lands could be placed at $91. Hongkong Hotels at $110 seek buyers. Humphreys have buyers at $6½ ex dividend whilst West Points at $73 and Kowloon Lands at $33 are offering at quotations.

Cotton Mills.—There is no business to report in Cotton Mill shares, the market being entirely neglected for reasons above stated. The following quotations must therefore be taken as nominal:—Ewos at Tls. 145, Kung Yiks at Tls. 13½, and Yangtszepoos at Tls. 5½. The exception is to be found in Shanghai Cottons, which have been dealt in at various rates from Tls. 115 down to Tls. 112 for March, and although Shanghai quotes Tls. 116 for cash nominal, business has been done with that Port at Tls. 110 for ready delivery, with further sellers in evidence at the rate locally.

Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electrics at $49, China Lights at $4.65, and Hongkong Trams at $7.20 are all quiet with little or nothing doing.

Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd. The following is an approximate statement of the traffic receipts for the week ending February 10, 1917.

	Receipts for week.	Aggregate Receipts 5 weeks.
This year	$12,606	$81,704
Last year	13,016	73,227
Increase	—	8,477
Decrease	410	—

Miscellaneous.—China Borneos are offering at $8 and China Providents at $9. The latter Company has issued its yearly report, from which we make the folowing extracts:—

"The gross earnings for the past year amount to $158,013.91, and there remains a sum of $109,456.45 at credit of Profit and Loss Account which it is recommended be appropriated as follows—

To place to Reserve Fund	$20,000.00
To pay a Dividend of 7% or 70 cents per share	$7,500.00
To carry forward to the credit of next year's account	1,956.45
	$109,456.45

The investment in Green Island Cement Company's shares has been written up to $10.00 per share, and the resulting appreciation ($20,000.00) transferred to Reserve Fund, raising it to $125,000.00."

Wm. Powells at $15⅞ could both be placed at quotations. Dairy Farms at $25 and Cements at $11⅛ are offering. The latter however have buyers at $11.40.

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the Traffic Return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended February 21, 1917, with figures for the corresponding week last year:—

	1917	1916
Gross Receipts	$30,415.69	$24,572.69
Loss by currency depreciation	7,013.12	6,484.13
Effective Receipts	$23,402.57	$18,138.56
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	24.48	28.17
Car miles run	77,231	63,557
Passengers carried	1,365,653	1,078,351

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.
38 Kiangse Rd., Phone 60

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

If you wish to invest any amount from Tls. 15 up, our service will be of assistance to you.

HOUSES TO LET

UNFURNISHED, near French Park, 5 large rooms, hot water service, perfect bathrooms and kitchen, large verandah, garden and tennis.

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.
38 Kiangse Rd. Tel. 60.

London Rubber Market

Reuter's Service

London, February 20.—Today's rubber prices were:—

Plantation First Latex:
Spot: 3s. 3¾d. to 3s. 3½d. paid.
April to June: 3s. 3¾d. paid.
Tendency of Market: Quieter.

Last Quotation, London, Feb. 19:—
Spot: 3s. 3¼d. paid.
April to June: 3s. 3d. paid.
Tone of Market: Steady.

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, February 20.—Today's rates, prices and deliveries were:—

Consols 2½% for account £ 52¼
Cheques on London at Paris Fr. 27.80
T.T. on London at New York G $ 4.76½
Bar Silver (Spot) ..... 38d.
Bank of England Rate of Discount 5½%
Market rate of Discount ... 5¼%
Cotton; Egyptian F. G. F. 22.45d.
Cotton; M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal ..... 8.70d.
Cotton; Mid American Spot. 11.12d.
Plantation Rubber February 3s. 3¾d. paid.
Deliveries China Silk .... 147 bales
Deliveries Canton Silk .... 45 "
Deliveries Japan Silk .... 80 "
Tone of Tea Market Quiet.

U. K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, February 20.—Today's metal prices were:—

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f. o. b. ..... Nominal.	139	10	0
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f. o. b.	150	0	0
Lead L. B. c. i. f. per ton.	Nominal.		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f. o. b.	30	0	0
Quicksilver, Second hand Ex Warehouse f. o. b. (1s. Extra in flask) ...	20	0	0
Tinplates, I. C. W. 20/24 100 lbs. 112 Sheets per Case tin lined Cases without Hoops f. o. b. Wales ..... Nominal.	0	31	0
Muntz Metal, f. o. b. London or Liverpool (less ½%) ..Nominal.	16¾ d.		
Standard Tin (Cash)	194	10	0
Spelter (ordy soft) f. o. b.	52	5	0
Galvanized Sheets 24 Gauge f. o. b.	26	5	0
Standard Tin (3 Months)	194	15	0

BAR SILVER

London, February 20.—Today's silver prices were:—

Bar Silver Spot: 38d. Quiet but Steady.

Last Quotation, London, Feb. 19:—
Bar Silver Spot: 38⅛d. Steady.

LANGKAT DAILY OUTPUT

The following telegraphic information has been received by the general agent from the Sumatra director and manager of the Maatschappij tot Mijn-Bosch-en Landbouwexploitatie in Langkat:

"The output of crude oil for February 21 was 87 tons."

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL,
TIENTSIN.

Cable Address:
ASTOR.

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Comfortable Bedrooms with Bath; Double, Single or En Suite.

First-Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign Supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT.

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1917

Date and Place	Per	Chi.	British	French	Ger.	U.S.A.	Russian	Japan	Regist
Today									
Tientsin (Every day except Sunday)	Train	..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hankow (Every day)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	11.30*	..	10.00*
Peking and Tientsin (Every day)	Train	..	..	..	..	..	5.00	..	5.00
Hankow	..	..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	3.30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
"		..	3.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Cordillere	4.00*	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.30
Europe via Suez	Cordillere	3.30	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.00
Japan ports	Poltava	1.30	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.0.
Swatow and Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagasaki and Vladivostock		..	2.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Suiwo	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Hongkong and beyond	Cordillere	..	..	..	..	3.30	..	..	3.00
Europe via Nagasaki and Vladivostock	Poltava	..	..	..	..	..	a2.30	..	2.15
Tientsin		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Swatow		..	10.30*	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tsingtao, Manchuria via Dalny	Kobe maru	9.30†	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00*
Tientsin	Kwangping	9.00	5.00	5.00	..	..	5.00	..	9.00
Swatow, Hongkong and Canton	Hwongsang	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Swatow	Shengking	10.30*	..	..	..	..	..	..	10.00*
Hongkong and Canton	Hanyang	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Japan via Nagasaki	Poltava	..	..	..	..	..	..	b1.30	1.00
Tsingtao, Dalny, Manchuria & Europe	Kobe maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	c10.30	10.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo		..	10.00*	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ningpo and Wenchow	Kwangchi	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Tomorrow									
Japan via Nagasaki	Yamashiro maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	d11.30*	11.00*
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	e9.00	..	c8.00	..	..	5.00	..	4.30
Hongkong and Canton	Anhui	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Japan Ports	Yamashiro maru	10.30*	..	..	..	..	..	..	10.00*
Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokonama, Canada, U.S.A. and Kurone		..	11.00*	..	..	..	..	..	10.30*
Hongkong and beyond	Tamba maru	..	..	..	..	5.00	..	..	4.30
River Ports	Ngankin	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Hongkong, Southern Ports, Australia, the Straits, Ceylon and India	Hitachi maru	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	5.00
Hongkong and Canton	Hitachi maru	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.0.
Sunday, February 25.									
Hongkong and beyond	Hitachi maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	x9.00*	..
Hongkong and Canton	Tamba maru	9.30*	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00*
Europe via Siberia (Post Train)	Via Pukow	..	7.00*	..	..	..	..	..	5(24th)
River Ports	Kiangkwan	9.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.00
Monday, February 26.									
Europe Via Siberia	Via Pukow	e9.00	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	5.30
Hongkong		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
H'kong Southern Ports, Australia the Straits Ceylon India E'ope via Suez		..	5.00	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	Sunning	9.00	..	4.30	..	..	4.30	5.00	9.00
Tuesday February 27.									
Europe via Siberia (Express)	Via Pukow	..	7.00*	..	..	..	..	..	5(26th)
Hongkong and beyond	Tamba maru	..	..	..	..	..	..	Fnoon	11.30*
H'kong, Southern Ports, Australia the Straits Ceylon India E'ope via Suez		..	11.00*	..	..	..	..	..	10.0.*
Wednesday, February 28.									
Europe via Siberia	Via Pukow	..	..	..	..	..	6.00	..	..

An asterick (*) denotes a.m.

B Money letters and parcels 11 a.m.

C Mail closed 8 to 8.30 p.m. Registration 8.30 p.m.

D Letters and boxes with declared value 1 p.m. and money orders 12.30 p.m.

E Registration 8.30 p.m. Supplementary mail closed at 7 a.m. value 8.30 p.m. Parcels 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

F Letters and boxes with declared value 11.30 a.m. Parcels and money orders 11 a.m.

G Letters and boxes with declared value 10 a.m. Parcels and monep orders 9.30 a.m.

L Letters and boxes with declared value 11 a.m. Parcels and money orders 9.30 a.m.

N Registered articles 8 p.m. on previous day. Letters and boxes with declared value 8 p.m. on previous day. Parcels 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.

British Post office.—Until further notice the ordinary and registered letter mails for Europe via Pukow and Siberia will be closed at 5 p.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. There will be a supplementary receipt of unregistered correspondence between 8.20 and 9 o'clock on the same evening during which time the office will be open for the sale of stamps only.

Chinese Post office.—Until further notice, mails for Europe, via Pukow and Siberia, will be closed at the Chinese Post Office as follows: Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p.m. Registered mails are closed half an hour earlier. A Supplementary mail of ordinary correspondence only will be closed on Tuesday, Thursdays and Sundays at 7 a.m.

Japanese Post Office:—Until further notice a mail will be despatched for Europe, via Dalny, every Tuesday morning, and via Pukow and Mukden, by the night-train on Wednesday and Saturday.

German Post Office.—Mails for Chinkiang, Nanking and Hankow close every day at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. and for Tsinanfu, Tientsin and Peking, via Pukow, at 9 p.m.

Mails for Hankow close every day at 11.30 a.m. Registration at 11.30 a.m. and for Peking and Tientsin every day at 9 a.m. Registration to 5 p.m. at the Russian post office.

Local Outport Mails

Permanent Notice

Destination.	Mails Close Daily. a.m.	p.m.
Shanghai-Nanking Railway.		
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang, Nanking, Hankow and North China.	7.00	
Soocho, Wusih, Chinkiang, Nanking and all intermediate places	7.30	
Nanziang & Kiatinghsien.	8.00	
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Chinkiang Nanking and all River ports		11.30
Soochow, Wusih, Changchow and Intermediate places		2.30
Nanziang & Kiatinghsien.		4.30
Soochok, Wusih, Changchow, all River Ports and North China		9.00
Shanghai-Hangchow Railway.		
Sinchwang, (Tsipao and Szeking) Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing, Wangtien, Siashih (and Tunghsiang), Changan (also Shihmen and Shihmenwan), Linping (and Tangsi) and Hangchow (also Huchow)	6.30	and 8.00 daily.
Shanghai-Hangchow Train.		
Sinchwang, Sungkiang, Fengking, Kashan, Kashing (and Tangsi), Siashih (and Tunghsiang), Changan (also Shihmenwan) Linping and Hangchow (also Shaoshing & Sioashan).	1.00	
Shanghai-Woosung Train.	Close Daily.	
Woosung (also Paoshan, Kiangwan & Tachang).	6, 7, 9.30, 11.45 a.m.	1.30, 3, 5, 7.30 p.m.
Sunkiang, Kashing, Hangchow and intermediate places	3.00	
Ningpo, Chenhai and Wenchow via Ningpo, Shanghai-Hanchow train, 2 p.m., Sundays only.		

Steamer.	Mails close daily except Sunday. a.m.	p.m.
Ningpo, Chenhai and Wenchow	3.50	
Launch	close daily. a.m.	p.m.
Tsungmi and Paochen	7.00	2.00
	10.45	5.00
Pehsinchen, Chakiang, Pinghu, & Chungku	3.00	
Minghong and Nankiao	2.00	
	11.00	
Hunchow, Nanzing and Linghu	11.00	
Minghong and Wukahong, Nankiao	3.00	
	11.00	
Haimenting and Miaochen	7.00	5.00
	10.45	3.30
Chowpu	11.00	
Tatwan, Nankwei, Fenghsien and Sinchang	3.00	
Tachang	7.00	
	11.00	
Courier.		
Kiangnan Arsenal	8, 9, 10, 11 a.m. 12 noon. 2, 3, 4, 6 p.m.	
Siccawei & Tsipao	8, 9, 10, 11 a.m. 12 noon.	
Chwansha	7.00	
	2, 3, 4, 6 p.m.	
Foot Boat.		

When You Want

LAND

See The

CHINA INVESTMENT CO.,

13 Nanking Road.

'PHONE 4757

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £1,200,000
Reserve Fund 1,800,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Henry S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank, Limited.
The London County & Westminster Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taiping
Delhi	Manila	(F. M. S.)
Foochow	Medan	Tavoy (Lower
Haiphong	New York	Burma)
Hankow	Peking	Tientsin
Hongkong	Penang	Yokohama

Shanghai Branch, 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for Collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Account, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

W. B. SUTHERLAND,
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserves .....Frs. 48,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papeete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Pari et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,
Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-up Capital .....Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate. Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Generale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte d'Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. $15,000,000
Silver 18,000,000
$33,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq., [Chairman.
C. E. Anton Esq.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

Chief Manager
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Peking
Bankok	Johore	Penang
Batavia	Kobe	Rangoon
Bombay	Kualalumpur	Saigon
Calcutta	London	S. Francisco
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Colombo	Malacca	Singapore
Foochow	Manila	Sourabaya
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tsingtau
Iloilo		Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN.
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) 55,000,000
Reserve Fund 24,600,000
Kpg. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ... 3,500,000
Reserve Fund 1,743,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris Office: 9, RUE Boudreau.
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe General pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Gerenale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

Fur Eastern Branches and Agencies

Bombay	Hailan	Peking
Calcutta	Hankow	Shanghai
Chanchun	Harbin	Tientsin
(Kwan chendze)	Hongkong	Tsingtau
	Newchwang	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Nicolayowsk	Yokohama
Dalny	(Dairen o-A	

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special acilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal ities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposits Boxes.

J. JEZIERSKI,
Q. CARRERE,
Managers for China and Japan

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.

Paid-Pp Capital .....$ 300,000.00
Reserves .....$ 10,000.00
Deposits (Dec. 31, 1916) $1,400,000.00

Correspondents at principal cities in China, and domestic exchange a speciality.

Credits granted on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Current account in both taels and dollars with interest, may be opened on application.

Particulars of interest allowed on fixed deposits, in both taels and dollors, will be furnished on request.

K P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000
Paid-up Capital $10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:
Peking, Tientsin, Newchang, Mukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkjang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Foochow, Canton, Nanchang, Talyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities, Local bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Deposit Account in Taels at the rate of 2 per cent per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent per annum.
For 12 months a the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Saving Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
One-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai
BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generale pour le Development du Commerce et du l'Industrie en France.
In London: London, County and Westminser Bank, Ltd.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,
Manager.
1, French Bund, Shanghai.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(*Established* 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed ..Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... „ 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 20,800,000

London Bankers:
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:

Antunghsin	London	Port Arthur
Bombay	Liaoyang	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Singapore
Changchun	Lyons	Sydney
Dalny	Mukden	Sinanfu
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Harbin	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokio
Honolulu	Osaka	Tsingtau
Kobe	Peking	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places n Japan, Korea, Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
60 Wall Street, New York

London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up...U.S. $3,250,000.00
Reserve and Undivided Profits 3,931,774.11
U.S. $7,181,774.11

Branches at:

Bombay	Hongkong	Singapore
Calcutta	Kobe	S. Francisco
Canton	London	Tientsin
Cebu	Manila	Yokohama
Colon (P.C.Z.)	Medellin	Peking
Hankow	Panama	Shanghai

Through its close affiliation with THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, the Corporation is able to offer the special service of the Branches of that Institution in Cuba and South America:—BUENOS AYRES, HABANA, MONTEVIDEO, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTIAGO DE CUBA, SANTOS, SAO PAULO, VALPARAISO, BAHIA-BRAZIL.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, and receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

H. C. GULLAND,
Manager.
1a Kiukiang Road, SHANGHAI.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.
Paid-up Capital—
Guilds 60,000,000 (about £5,000,000)
Reserve Fund—
Guilds 9,925,431 (about £827,120)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Hollana:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.
Branches.

Banjermasin	Padang	Soerokarta
Bandoeng	Palembang	Tandjong Balei
Cheribon	Pekalongan	Tebin-Tinggi
Dejember	Penang	Tegal
Djokjakarta	Pontianak	Telok-Betong
Hongkong	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Kota-Radja	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar	Singapore	
Medan	Soerabaya	

London Bankers:
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.
Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital. Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-up Capital .. Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Authorised Capital ..H. $2,000,000
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital .....H. $1,357,850
Reserve Fund .....H. $70,000

Head Office:
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office: 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world, Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

JUKUUN,
Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed Capital 1,125,000
Paid-up Capital 562,500
Reserve Fund 550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore.	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH,
Acting Manager.
7 Nanking Road.
9752

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Fifty Branches and Agencies In China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credit granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

5559

SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED

SHANGHAI BRANCH
1, Kiukiang Road

Capital (Paid-up). Yen 15,000,000
Reserves ..... Yen 1,470,000
Deposits ..... Yen 120,000,000

President, Baron K. SUMITOMO.

Head Office: OSAKA.

Branches:
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya, Kyoto, Osaka, Kobe, Hyogo, Onomichi, Kure, Nihama, Hiroshima, Yanai, Shimonoseki, Moji, Wakamatsu, Fukuoka, Kurume, Honolulu, San Francisco, Bombay and Hankow.

London Banker:
LLOYDS BANK, LIMITED.
New York Banker:
NATIONAL CITY BANK OF N. Y.

Banking Business in General, Foreign Exchange Business, Travellers' and Commercial Letters of Credit, Correspondents throughout the World.

S. KASAHARA,
Manager.
Tel. No. 3536 (Sumitomo Bank).
Tel. No. 4663 (Compradore Office).

Sailed from Shanghai

For London, etc.
Atsuta Maru .....Feb. 13
Carmarthenshire .....Jan. 22
City of Corinth .....Feb. 20
Gleniffer .....Dec. 21
Kamo Maru .....Dec. 24
Kashima Maru .....Dec. 31
Kioto .....Jan. 13
Mishima Maru .....Jan. 9
Novara** .....Dec. 24
Somali** .....Jan. 13
Suwa Maru .....Jan. 29
Tsuruga Maru .....Feb. 18
For Marseilles, etc.
Armand Behic .....Jan. 19
Athos .....Jan. 2
Cordillere .....Feb. 21
Gemini .....Feb. 8
Porthos .....Feb. 3
For Vancouver, etc.
Empress of Asia .....Feb. 17
Monteagle .....Feb. 13
For New York
Eurymedon .....Dec. 23
Toyooka Maru .....Feb. 1
Tsushima Maru .....Dec. 12
For San Francisco, etc.
Korea Maru .....Feb. 16
Nippon Maru .....Jan. 14
Persia Maru .....Feb. 3
Shinyo Maru .....Jan. 19
For Seattle
Hawaii Maru .....Jan. 18
Yokohama Maru .....Feb. 19
For Tacoma
Canada Maru .....Feb. 7
Justin .....Feb. 17
Manila Maru .....Dec. 13
Mexico Maru .....Jan. 7
**With English Mail.

Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov'14	Hankow	Albenga	2769	Ger.	Carlowitz	YWGW
Feb 18	Liverpool	Agapenor	4800	Br.	B. & S.	HWYK
Feb 21	Keelung	Asosan maru	1221	Jap.	M. B. K.	MBKW
Feb 21	Hongkong	Anhui	1365	Br.	B. & S.	CNPW
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bohemia	4282	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B VII
Feb 9	Manila	Bayard	1006	Nor.	Robert D. 16.	
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	3868	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B XIII
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger	H. D. & Co	USA
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co	10 p
Jan 12	Hongkong	Glenturret	4696	Br.	Glen Line	YTPDW
Feb 18	Hongkong	Glenamoy	4655	Br.	Glen Line	CMLW
Jan 20	Foochow	Hsinchi	1385	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYB
Feb 14	Hongkong	Hyson	6608	Br.	B. & S.	HWYK
May 23	Hankow	Kinling	2511	Br.	B. & S.	Int.D
Feb 6	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	Int. D.
Feb 21	Hongkong	Kwangtee	1268	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYW
Feb 21	Hankow	Kiangbsin	2101	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Nov 18	Hankow	Lienhua	366	Br.	J. M. & Co	9 p
Feb 20	Hankow	Luenyi	1735	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
July 16	Hankow	Meidah	1682	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB 1
July 30	Hankow	Meilee	1682	Ger.	Melcher	NGLB 1
Feb 17	Hongkong	Namur	6694	Br.	B. & S.	SHW
Feb 21	Japan	Rokkosan maru	1343	Jap.	M. B. K.	CNW
July 30	Tsingtao	Sikiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	9 p
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	3318	Aus.	Aus. Lloyd	B IX
Feb 20	Japan	Sorachi maru	1235	Jap.	Satoh Shoki	
Feb 13	Hankow	Tabung maru	1975	Jap.	N.K.K.	LPDLW
Feb 3	Liverpool	Telamon	4509	Br.	B. & S.	YTPDW
Feb 9	Hankow	Tehhsing	937	Br.	Geddes & Co.	NSWCP
Feb 18	Foochow	Taishun	1612	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.	KLYW

Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkew market, as compiled on February 20, 1917.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	14-16
Cod	„	14-16
Mandarin	„	16-20
Mackerel	„	16-20
Pomfret	„	20-25
Salmon	„	16-20
Samli	„	none
Soles	„	14-16
Whitebait	„	16-20
Game, Poultry and Eggs		
Deer	each	1.00-1.20
Duck	„	50-80
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	70-90
Hare	„	30-35
Partridge	„	30-35
Pheasant	„	none
Pigeons	„	25-30
Plover	„	none
Quail	„	18-20
Snipe	„	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	40-45
Teal	each	12-14
Wild Duck	„	30-35
Wild Geese	„	35-40
Woodcock	„	45-50
Wild Pigeon	„	10-12
Fruit		
Apples	per lb.	12-20
Apricots	„	none
Bananas	„	5-6
Cherries	„	none
Cocoanuts	each	15-20
Chestnuts	per lb.	10-12
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Mangosteens	per doz.	none
Melons	each	none
Oranges	pe lb.	7-10
Peaches	„	none
Persimmons	„	none
Pineapples	each	none
Peeboes	per lb.	none
Plums	„	none
Pumeloes	each	10-15
Pears	per lb.	10-12
Strawberries	„	none
Walnuts	„	10-12
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	2-3
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	28-30
Broad Beans	„	6-8
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Cabbages	each	5-7
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Carrots	„	2-3
Cauliflower	each	10-15
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	per lb.	20-25
Green Corn	each	none
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	per lb.	8-10
Peas	„	14
Potatoes	per pic.	$2.40-2.80
Parsnips	per lb.	4-5
Radishes	per bunch	1-2
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	„	8-10
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain and Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lb.	$4.50
Flour, Shanghai	per 50 lb.	$2.50
Rice	per 200 lb.	$7.00
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottles	20
Chinese dairies	„	17
Fodder		
Barley	per 114 lbs.	$2.65
Bran	„	$1.95
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton Tls.	13.00
Stove Coal	„ Tls.	17.40
Firewod	per 50 bundles	$1.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector

Vessels To Arrive

	Sailed	Due
From London, etc.		
Cardiganshire	Dec. 15	Feb. 23
Fushimi Maru	Jan. 13	Mar. 10
Glengyle		Feb. 26
Kitano Maru	Dec. 30	Feb. 23
From Vancouver, etc.		
Empress of Japan	Feb. 8.	Feb 27
Monteagle		Mr. 31
From New York		
Bolton Castle	Nov. 30.	Mar. 4
Hattie Luckenbach	Jan. 20	Apr. 20
From San Francisco, etc.		
Colombia		Apr. 6
Ecuador	Feb. 12	Mar. 12
Nippon Maru	Feb. 9	Mar. 7
Shinyo Maru	Feb. 21	Mar. 17
From Gothenburg		
Panama		Feb. 28
From Tacoma		
Mexico Maru		Mar. 12
From Seattle		
Shidzuoka Maru		Mar. 14

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying passengers to the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 10.30 a.m.

The tender conveying passengers to the R.V.F. s.s. Poltava will leave the Customs jetty at 3 p.m.

TOMORROW

The launch conveying passengers to the N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave the Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

21.—The anticyclone of Kiangsu has put to sea; the barometers have fallen in the whole Yangtze Valley, where variable moderate breezes are recorded; milder and rather fine weather in our districts.

22.—Overcast weather; the winds have backed to E. barometers still slowly falling.

Thursday, February 22, 1917.

WEATHER.	4 a.m.	9 a.m.
Bar. at Centg.. mm	765.°5	764.72
„ „ inches	30.13	30.11
Variation mm. for 24 h	-7.07	†8.28
Variation mm. for 12 h	†2.97	†3.61
Wind { Direction	SSE	SSE
Wind { Kilom per hour	17	19
Wind { Miles	10.6	11
Temperature { Cen	6.°5	9.°4
Temperature { Fahr.	4.37	4.°8
Humidity: co	77	71
Nebulosity 5-10	10	10
Rainfallmm.	—	—
Rainfallinches	—	—

Amusements

SEE Tonight
AT THE
VICTORIA THEATRE
DICKENS' IMMORTAL MASTERPIECE
"DAVID COPPERFIELD"
In Seven Acts
AND
CHIEF HAILSTORM
Real Cherokee Indian
In War Dances and Songs

Matinee on Saturday at 5 p.m.

Showing Feb. 24th, 25th & 26th
"THE OLD CURIOSITY SHOP"
Another Dickens' Masterpiece
IN FIVE ACTS

TOWA CINEMA THEATRE
Corner of Woochang and Chapoo Roads.
PROGRAMME
for
Friday, Saturday & Sunday, 23rd, 24th and 25th Feb.
" MASTER KEY "
8th, 9th and 10th Episodes. 6 Reels. These six reels contain some of the most stirring scenes ever witnessed in a Detective Pic ure.
ALSO SHOWING
A Very Amusing Keystone Comedy.
Dress Circle Seats..... 30 Cents.
Matinee on Sunday afternoon as usual.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Mar 1	noon	San Francisco	Siberia maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
" 4	..	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
" 9	..	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
11	11.30*	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Tamba maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 17	..	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
27	..	San Francisco	Nippon maru	Jap.	A.T. Co.
31	..	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
31	..	San Francisco	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co
Apr 2	6.30*	Seattle, Victoria etc.	Shidzuoka maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Feb 28	11.30*	Kobe	Tosa maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 23	3 00	Nagasaki	Poltava	Rus.	R.V.F.
" 24	12.30	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Yamashiro maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
25	12.30	Moji, Kobe and Yokkaichi	Penang maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
" 25		Kobe and Yokohama	Kitano maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
26	1.30	Kobe	Benten maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
27	2.30	Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Omi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar 1	noon	Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Siberia maru	Jap	A.T. Co.
1	..	Kobe & Osaka	Kasuga maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
3		Nagasaki, Moji & Kobe	Chikugo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Feb 25	noon	London etc.	Hitachi maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar 11	11.30*	London etc.	Iyo maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
23	..	London etc.	Miyazaki maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Feb 23	D.L.	Swatow and Hongkong	Tamsui	Br.	B. & S.
" 23	A.M.	Hongkong & Canton	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 23	noon	Swatow	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
23	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Pekins	Br.	B. & S.
23	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
" 23	P.M.	Ningpo via Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
" 24	D.L.	Swatow, H'kong and Canton	Kwongsang	Br.	J. M. & Co
24	D.L.	Hongkong	Hanyang	Br.	B. & S.
" 24	3.30	Ningpo	Anping	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
25	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Annui	Br.	B. & S.
" 27	2.00	Hongkong	Tamba maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
27	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
28	..	Hongkong	Empress of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Mar 1	D.L.	Amoy, Hongkong & Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
" 2	D.L.	Swatow & Hongkong	Hoihow	Br.	B. & S.
4	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
" 6	D.L.	Hongkong & Canton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
12	..	Manila via Hongkong	Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S.Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Feb 23	A.M.	Tientsin direct	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
23	11 30	Tsingtao and Dalny	Kobe-maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
23	3.00	Vladivostock	Poltava	Rus.	R.V.F.
.. 23	D.L.	Chinwangtao	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
23	P.M.	Tsingtao	Ono maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
24	D.L.	Dalny & Swatow	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
26	9 00*	Tsingtao	Tencho maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
27	2.30	Dalny	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
27	D.L.	Dalny and Swatow	Kansu	Br.	B. & S.
28	D.L.	Dalny and Canton	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
Mar 1	10.00*	Weihaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Feb 26	M.N	Hankow etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
26	M.N.	do	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
23	M.N.	do	Tehhsing	Br.	Geddes & Co.
" 24	M.N.	do	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
" 24	M.N.	do	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
25	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.
26	M.N.	do	Yohyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
26	M.N.	do	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
" 27	M.N.	do	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
27	M.N.	do	Tachang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
" 27	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
28	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
" 28	M.N.	do	Siangyang maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Mar 1	M.N.	do	Taioo maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
2	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
" 3	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. M.N.—Midnght. D.L.—Daylight.

Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Feb 22	Ningpo	Anping	1159	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.	KLYW
Feb 22	Tientsin	Shengking	1315	Br.	B. & S.	CNW
" 22	Japan	Yamashiro maru	2236	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
Feb 22	Wenchow	Kwangchi	314	Chi.	C. M. S. N. Co	KLYW
Feb 22	Vladivostock	Poltava	1960	Rus.	R. V. F.	9 p
Feb 22	Japan	Hirano maru	885	Jap.	N. Y. K.	BII
Feb 22	Dalny	Kobe maru	1536	Jap.	S. M. R.	SMRW
Feb 22	Hankow	Suiwo	1931	Br.	J.M. & Co.	SHW
Feb 22	Hankow	Fengyang maru	2808	Jap.	N.K.K.	NYKW
Feb 22		Fukuchi maru		Jap.		
Feb 22	Hongkong	Wuhu	1227	Br.	B. & S.	WTW

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
Feb 22	Hankow etc.	Ningshao	1920	Chi.	N.S. Co.
22	do	Poyang	1892	Br.	B. & S.
22	do	Hanping	581	Chi.	H.Y.P.I. Co.
22	do	Tseangtah	475	Br.	C.I. & E.L. Co
22	Dalny	Isshin maru	841	Jap.	S. M. R.
22	Japan	Kumano maru	3147	Jap.	N. Y. K.
22	Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	1616	Br.	B. & S.
.. 22	Ningpo	Anping	1159	Chi.	C.M.S.N.Co.

Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
BNB	Jan. 30	Cruise	Cincinnati	Am cru.	3213	10	314	Fewel
KND	Nov. 8	Cruise	Monocacy	Am g-b	190	2	47	Carter
8P	Feb. 11	Cruise	Quiros	Am.g-b.	350			Loftin
7P	Feb. 11	Cruise	Samar	Am g-b.	249	6	29	King
8P	Feb. 12	Cruise	Villalobos	Am g-b.				Clarke
P&OBI	Dec. 16	Cruise	Wilmington	Am g-b.	1392	8	159	Chadwick

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s s.s. Suiwo, 2,671 tons, Capt. Sellar will leave on Friday, the 23rd inst., at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd., General Managers. Tel. No. 240.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Luenyi Captain Frazier will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 23rd inst., at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Fengyang Maru, Capt. S. Takano, will be despatched from the N.Y.K. Wharf on Saturday, Feb. 24 at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Stemaer Ngankin Captain Newcomb will leave from the French Bund on Saturday, the 24th inst., at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Str. Kiangkwan, Capt. C. B. Conley will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

HANKOW and PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. Yohyang Maru Capt. A. E. Inwood, will be despatched from the Pootung N.K.K. Wharf on Monday, Feb. 26 at about 12 o'clock midnight. The last steam launch will leave Canton Road jetty at 11 p.m. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The Str. Kwanglee, Capt. A. P. Sangster will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passge apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

WENCHOW via NINGPO.—The Str Kwangchi, Capt. J. Smith will leave on Friday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 23rd inst., at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents, French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking Captain Watt, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, the 23rd inst., at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Hanyang, Capt. C. W. Puckett will leave on Saturday, the 24th inst., at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agent. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s s.s. Anhui. Capt. Eedy will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Sunday, the 25th inst., at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG and CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sunning Captain W. L. Jones will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, the 27th inst., at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to Butterfield and Swire. Agents. Freight Tel No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Hsinchi will leave on Friday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration's steamer Kwangping, will leave for Tientsin direct on Sunday, February 25. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. 319.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tungchow Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, March 1 inst., at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to Butterfield and Swire Agents. French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Japan

NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.—The s.s. Siberia Maru, 18,000 tons. Capt. K. Hashimote, will be despatched on Thursday the March 1, 1917. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at noon. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company, Agents.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.—S.S. Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Tungting and *Wuchang.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight. These steamers connect with the Company's regular lines on the Upper Yangtsze and Hunan Lake.
*The s.s. Wuchang is especially fitted to handle heavy lifts.
Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at midnight.

For HONGKONG and CANTON.—S.S. Anhui, Chenan, Yingchow, Sinkiang, Shantung and Sunning.—Sailing from the French Bund and connecting at Hongkong with the Company's steamers for Hoihow, Pakhoi, Haiphong, Manila, Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga and Australian ports.
Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.

For TIENTSIN and PEKING via WEIHAIWEI and CHEFOO.—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien, and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

For NINGPO.—S.S. Hsin Peking.—Sailing from the French Bund. Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p.m.

The above steamers are installed with Electric Light throughout, with Steam Heaters in the State Rooms and Dining Saloon, and are otherwise completely fitted for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding passage money, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE," obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car Express Train Co., or from Messrs. THOMAS COOK & SON, Foochow Road.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Freight: Telephone No. 77. Agents, 21-23 French Bund.
Passage: Telephone No. 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO.

U. S. MAIL LINE

Operating the new first-class steamers
"Ecuador," "Venezuela" and "Colombia"
14,000 tons each
TO SAN FRANCISCO
VIA KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU.

THE SUNSHINE BELT
The most comfortable route to America and Europe

Sailing to Manila and Hongkong.		To San Francisco
S.S. "Venezuela"	.....	Mar. 4
S.S. "Ecuador"	Mar 12	Mar. 31
S.S. "Colombia"	Apr. 6	Apr. 25

(Subject to change)

These steamers have the most modern equipment, including overhead fans in all staterooms, which contain **no upper berths.** One and two-berth staterooms only.

The Safety and Comfort of Passengers our first consideration.
Tickets interchangeable with the Toyo Kisen Kaisha and the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
For further information re freight and passage, apply to
B. C. HAILE, Special representative. ANDERSEN, MEYER & CO., LTD. Agents.
1b Nanking Road (Palace Hotel Building)
Telephone 5056. Shanghai.

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.
Shanghai Agents:
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The s.s. Siberia Maru 18,000 tons. Capt. K. Hashimoto, will be dispatched on Thursday the 1st March 1917. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at noon. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company, Agents.

Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Anhui left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The I.-C. s.s. Kutwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.
The I.-C. s.s. Kwongsang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Monday.
The I.-C. s.s. Wingsang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The I.-C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The H.O. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.
The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.
The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.
The I.-C. s.s. Choysang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The I.-C. s.s. Wosang will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Feb. 25.
The K.M.A. s.s. Shinfoo (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.
The K.M.A. s.s. Jinju Maru (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai on Wednesday.
The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. s.s. Empress of Asia arrived at Kobe on Tuesday evening, Feb. 20, sailed for Yokohama at 1 p.m. on Wednesday, Feb. 21, and is due to arrive at the latter port today afternoon.
The N.Y.K. European line s.s. Hitachi Maru with mails left Moji for Shnghai on Wednesday, and may be expected to arrive at Co.'s lower buoy today, at about noon. The tender carrying up passengers and mails is expected to arrive at Customs jetty about 2 p.m. the same day. She will be despatched for Hongkong on Sunday, February 25.
Kailan Mining Adm. s.s. Sishan (chartered) left Chinwangtao for Shanghai yesterday.

Passengers Arrived

Per R.V.F. s.s. Poltava from Vladivostock:—Mrs. Clubnuzkay. From Nagasaki:—Mrs. E. Lyon and Dr. Merron.
Per I.-C. s.s. Suiwo from Hankow:—Mr. H. C. Duffield.
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru from Japan:—Messrs. A. M. Forbes, D. S. William and W. E. Ketcham.

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru for Moji:—Messrs. J. G. Brought and Lee Vea-kua. For Kobe:—Miss E. H. Vida, Messrs. F. R. Vida and M. Brodbecker.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED
TRANS PACIFIC LINES

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC
To Canada, United States and Europe via Vancouver
In connection with the Canadian Pacific Railway

Shanghai to Vancouver 14 days — Shanghai to Montreal 19 days
Shanghai to Chicago 18 days — Shanghai to New York 19½ days

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA AND EMPRESS OF ASIA
Largest and most luxurious ships on the Pacific.
30,625 tons, quadruple screws, speed 21 knots.

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to change) SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

1917		1917	
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	17 Mar.	EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	12 May
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	31 Mar.	EMPRESS OF JAPAN	26 May
EMPRESS OF ASIA	14 April	EMPRESS OF ASIA	9 June
MONTEAGLE	18 April	MONTEAGLE	27 June
		EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	7 July
		EMPRESS OF JAPAN	21 July

For further information, sailings, etc., please apply to
J. R. SHAW, General Agent, Passenger Dept. L. E. N. RYAN, Agent.
Corner of Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads,
Tel. 181 and 182 Shanghai.

T.K.K.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.
To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu

PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 Tons.	Mar.	1	1917
" "TENYO MARU"	22,000 "	"	9	"
" "NIPPON MARU"	11,000 "	"	27	"
" "SHINYO MARU"	22,000 "	April	8	"
" "PERSIA MARU"	9,000 "	"	19	"
" "KOREA MARU"	18,000 "	May	1	"
" "SIBERIA MARU"	18,000 "	"	15	"
" "TENYO MARU"	22,000 "	"	26	"
" "NIPPON MARU"	11,000 "	June	8	"
" "SHINYO MARU"	22,000 "	"	22	"

All the steamers of this Company are equipped with wireless, electric fans in all staterooms, electric light in all berths, swimming tanks and all conveniences.
THROUGH TICKETS and BILLS OF LADING issued to San Francisco to the principal cities of the United States and Canada by the Overland Railways, to Mexico, Central and South American ports, and through tickets to Europe by connecting New York and St. Lawrence lines. Particulars of the various routes to be had on application. All passage money payable in local currency at rate of exchange on day of purchase.
SPECIAL REDUCED RATES by the s.s. "Nippon Maru," and s.s. "Persia Maru" affording superior accommodation at reduced rates.
Round-trip tickets at reduced rates. Lay-over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Through rates include rail transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama, if desired.
For further information, rates of passage money and freight apply to
THE AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY, *Agents,*
Telephone No. 3229. 53 Szechuen Road.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS
S.S. CHINA
(AMERICAN REGISTRY)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI KOBE YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU
APRIL 14, JUNE 26.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE AT INTERMEDIATE RATE
REDUCED RATES TO MISSIONARIES

FOR HONGKONG
APRIL 1. JUNE 12.
G. J. PETROCELLI. FRT. AND PASS. AGENT
NO. 6 KIUKIANG ROAD.
'PHONE 4773. 4TH FLOOR

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

(Subject to alteration.)

EUROPEAN LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service calling at Yokohama, Kobe, Moji, Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Durban, Cape Town, Teneriffe, London.

	Tons.		
HITACHI MARU	13,500	Capt. S. Tominaga,	Feb. 25
IYO MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Takano,	Mar. 11
MIYASAKI MARU	16,000	Capt. N. Teranaka,	Mar. 23

AMERICAN LINE.

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash.

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu,	Mar. 11, 1917
SHIDZUOKA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. I. Noma,	Apr. 2, 1917
AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Hayashi,	May 6 1917

KOBE TO SEATTLE. From Kobe.

KAMAKURA MARU ..	12,500	Capt. R. Ozaki,	Mar. 29, 1917

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. K. Sudzuki,	Feb. 24
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Feb. 27
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. Y. Yui,	Mar. 3
NIIGATA MARU	4,000	Capt. K. Ohosawa,	Mar. 3
CHIKUGO MARU	5,400	Capt. Y. Yui,	Mar. 6
HAKUAI MARU	5,000	Capt. K. Takano,	Mar. 10

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Saito,	Mar. 1, 1917
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. K. Yagiu,	Mar. 8 1917

FOR JAPAN.

KITANO MARU	16,000	Capt. E. F. Cope,	Feb. 25 1917
TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu,	Mar. 11, 1917

FOR HONGKONG.

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Akamatsu.	Feb. 27, 1917

AUSTRALIAN LINE.

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan Ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila.)

		Leave Hongkong.	
AKI MARU	13,500	Capt. K. Yoshikawa,	Feb. 13, 1917
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. K. Soyeda,	Mar. 30, "
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. K. Takeda,	Apr. 17, "

CALCUTTA LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

BOMBAY LINE.

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage.)

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostock, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information, apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai. Tel. No. 2729.

Apply to
The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Ltd.
for particulars of all kinds of
SWEDISH PAPER

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

0⁰⁰ — Midnight, 1330 — 130 p.m.

Septem er 1st, 1916 and until further notice

Mail 101 B a.	Mail 3. B. s.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Mues	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B. s.	Mail 102 B s.
2088	815	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2245	1950	1020
2345	1112	635		arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
2350	1117	641	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1653	710
000	1126	650		arr. Tientsin-East dep	1920	1645	700
1910	520	2340	524	arr. Mukden dep	2 00		1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.			Tientsin-Pukow Line		Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	1130	—	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	—	1705	1950
725	1140	—	2.71	arr. Tientsin Central dep.	—	1675	941
745	1200	—		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	—	1641	1911
1133	1500	—	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	—	1332	558
1457	1746	—	148	dep. Techow dep.	—	1048	1158
1801	2021	—	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	—	806	843
7.	:	—	220	:	—	:	8.
800	2031	—	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	—	756	1812
1039	223	—	266	dep. Taianfu dep.	—	601	1542
1300	048	—		arr. Yenchowfu dep.	—	340	1311
1315	058	—	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	—	339	1256
1556	318	—	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	—	120	1042
1810	450	—	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	—	2336	819
9.	:	—	420	:	—	:	0.
630	457	—	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	—	2329	2057
1156	833	—	523	arr. Pengpu dep.	—	1953	1442
1208	840	—		dep. Pengpu arr.	—	1946	1422
1657	1152	—	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	—	1648	928
1849	1300	—	641	arr. Pukow dep.	—	1530	728

Express 16 B. S.	Express 10 B.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Express 1. B.	Express 15. B. S.
	1420	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1410	
2300	1420	. .		dep. Nanking arr.	. .	1415	650
700	2120	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	755	2300

Yeochowfu Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
930	1350	2130	d. Yeochowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.
1032	1456	2232	a Tsiningchow d.	528	1125	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsochuang d.

810	1410	2100
702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order,

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, September, 1916.

Haig Breaks Through To German Supports

Big Raid at Ypres Does Much Damage, Nets 114 Prisoners; Many Other Successes

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—(By wireless).—A German official communique reports: We frustrated attacks made by the British, south-eastward of Ypres and astride La Bassee Canal and attacks made by the French between the Meuse and Moselle.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reported this evening: We seized a portion of the enemy's trenches, north-westward of Gueudecourt. We entered the enemy's trenches on a front of 650 yards, southward of Armentieres, penetrating deeply and inflicting many casualties.

We raided the enemy's positions, south-eastward of Ypres, on a front of 500 yards, reaching their support-line. Many of the enemy were killed, dug-outs and mine-shafts destroyed and 114 prisoners taken.

The total number of prisoners taken during the day was 184. Our casualties were light.

Paris, February 21.—The official communique issued this evening reported: There have been reciprocal artillery actions in the region of Butte-de-Mesnil, on the right bank of the Meuse near Caurieres Wood and at Bezonvaux.

YEAR'S BUILDING RECORD

Undoubtedly too much ought not to be expected in these days of war and bad business, but, with all the evidences of building there have been about during the past year, particularly of foreign structures, it does seem rather strange that the record was below that of 1915 and did not approach by a long way the total of 1914. The annual report of the Works Department to the Municipal Council states that, during the year, permits were issued for the erection of 6,767 structures, as against 6,892 in 1915 and 8,824 in 1914.

The figures for the last ten years are:—

1907, 4,888; 1908, 3,081; 1909, 2,080; 1910, 2,367; 1911, 1,253; 1912, 3,513; 1913, 4,435; 1914, 8,824; 1915, 6,892; 1916, 6,767.

Of the year's new buildings, 5,903 were Chinese houses and 89 foreign buildings, the rest being go-downs, stables, &c.

Australia Bars Any Women and Children Traveling to Europe

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Melbourne, February 20.—Women and children are prohibited from travelling to Europe, under any circumstances.

DUTCH RESUME SAILINGS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Amsterdam, February 20.—The Nederland Shipping Company and the Rotterdamsche Lloyd will shortly resume their services, with eight passenger steamers, between Java and San Francisco, touching at Hongkong, Nagasaki and Honolulu and connecting with the Holland-America Line at New York.

CHINGS WANT MONEY

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, February 22.—The Comptroller of the Ching household has been applying for some time for the arrears due to the Imperial Family under the abdication agreement, which now amount to over a million dollars. The Ministry of Finance yesterday handed over $300,000.

Ll. George Postpones Statement To House

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. A. Bonar Law announced that Mr. Lloyd George's statement regarding the restriction of imports has been postponed to the 23rd.

CONSTITUTION DEADLOCK

Reuter's Pacific Service to The China Press

Peking, February 22.—The Constitution Conference yesterday passed Article 21, but a deadlock has now occurred over Article 22, which says that the Senate shall consist of members elected partly by the highest legislative bodies and partly by the electorates of such bodies. A number of amendments were proposed, designed to create a greater difference between the composition of the Senate and the House of Representatives, which the proposers contended are at present too similar.

All the amendments were rejected and the original clause failed to obtain the required majority. A motion was then carried to refer the article to a preliminary examination committee.

Hongkong Arranging To Send Men Home

Berths to Be Kept Open And Pay Made Up to That Of Civil Life

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Hongkong, February 22.—At a meeting of the Legislative Council, today, the Governor, Sir Henry May, stated that a number of applications have been received by the Military Service Commission and a considerable number have already been dealt with. In some cases, serious questions may arise concerning how provision is to be made for dependents during the absence of men who enlist for military service.

Under instructions from Mr. A. Bonar Law, the posts of permanent Government servants will remain open for them until their return from military and naval service and they will receive a monthly allowance from the funds of the Colony, which, plus their service pay, will make up their full salary. In the case of others, their employers are acting with equal liberality.

Britain May Raise Military Age to 50

First To Try And Get Sufficient Men By Revising Exemptions Under 31

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 20.—It is stated that the Government has decided to revise all exemptions of men under the age of thirty-one. If this is not sufficient to provide the necessary number of men fit for active service, the military age may be raised to fifty.

Dance Music Today

The following program of Dance Music will be played by the Band in the Town Hall this afternoon beginning at 5.30 o'clock:—

1.—One Step "Popularity" ...Cohan
2.—Waltz "The Orient Sea" ...Bright
3.—Waltz "La Barcarolle" ...Patras
4.—One Step "The Red Rose Rag" .....Wamrich
5.—Waltz "Amder Passager" Zulueta
6.—One Step "Lilliputia".....Rogers

A. de Kryger.
Conductor-in-charge.

EXTRACT of MALT

with

COD LIVER OIL

Highly nutritious

Easily digested

Palatable

Price $1.00

per 1 lb. tin.

VOELKEL & SCHROEDER A.G.

37, Nanking Road,

SHANGHAI.

TURKEY'S PRISONERS

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 21.—In the House of Commons, today, Mr. J. F. Hope stated that the Turks have made prisoners of 327 British officers and 1,652 men, 13 Dominion officers and 140 men and 195 officers and 3,573 men of the Indian Army, while 17 British officers and 1,333 men and 4,879 Indian troopers who have fought against the Turks are missing.

The Charles H. Brown Paint Co.'s Products

are known the world over for their lasting and highly protective qualities. They have been proven by analytical tests to be 100% pure, each of their lines being therefore

A PERFECT PAINT

A large and varied stock is always kept on hand, so that all the requirements of the trade may be met.

If you have a room, a house, a roof, or anything else to paint, no matter how small or large the job, call on us or drop us a line, and our expert **foreign supervisor** will do the rest. The enquiry will cost you nothing. The job, if placed in our hands, will cost you no more than work undertaken without foreign supervision.

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13A Canton Road: Tel. 918

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) **Nanking To Shanghai North—Down**

STATIONS.		Express R	Local	Slow R	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Local	N S G Local	Night Express R.S.	N S G Local
SHANGHAI NORTH	..dep.	7.55		8.20	9.00	12.40	15.20	8.40	23.00	17.15
Nansiang..	.. ..			8.46	9.48	13.21	15.55	9.15	—	17.50
Kunshan	.. ..			9.05	11.04	14.07	16.51		—	
SOOCHOW	arr.	9.34		10.02	12.03	14.40	17.03		1.01	
	dep.	9.41		11.02	12.13	14.57	18 13		1.08	
WUSIH ..	arr.	10.21		12 11	13 31	15.45	19.33		2.13	
	dep	1 .31		12.21	13.43	15 52	19.41		2.10	
CHANGCHOW	arr.	11.13		13.30	14.51	16.38	20.45		3.00	
	dep.	11.22	6.10	13.42	15.01	16 47			3.10	
TANYANG ..	arr.	12.07	8.00	14.57	16.10	17.41			—	
	dep.	12.09	8.03	14.59	16.14	17.43			—	
CHINKIANG	arr.	12.43	8.33	15.49	17.08	18.22			4.75	
	dep.	12.52	8.59	15 57	17.18	18.32			5.06	
Nanking Ferry	.. arr.	*14.10	..	..	.	..	..	..	..	
NANKING	.. ..	14.15	10.55	17.00	19.25	20.05			6.50	..

STATIONS.		Local	Slow R	Coolie Goods	Fast R	Express R	Local	N S G Local	Night Express R.S.	N S G Local
NANKING ..	..dep.		7.00	7.30	11.15	14.20	15.55		23.00	
Nanking Ferry	..dep.		—	—	—	*14.20	—		—	
CHINKIANG..	arr.		8.57	9.42	12.50	15.51	18.05		0.48	
	dep.		9.05	9.52	12.59	16.01	18.25		1.00	
TANYANG ..	arr.		9.55	10.48	13.38	16.36	19.16		—	
	dep.		9.57	10.51	13.40	16.38	19.19		—	
CHANGCHOW	arr.		11.04	12.11	14.42	17 26	20.30		2.53	
	dep.	6.30	11.14	12.28	14.52	17.36			3.06	
WUSIH ..	arr.	7.24	12.14	13.36	15.43	18.24			4.01	
	dep.	7.31	12.22	13.46	15.58	18.31			4.11	
SOOCHOW ..	arr.	8.40	13.35	14.55	16.47	19.21			5.04	
	dep.	8.46	13.50	15.08	16.55	19.28			5.12	
Kunshan ..	.. ..	9.54	14.57	16.14	17.41	—			—	
Nansiang..	.. ..	10.53	15.57	17.19	18.26	—		9.40	6.33	18.48
SHANGHAI NORTH	.. arr.	11.25	16.30	17.55	18.55	21.20		10.15	7.00	18.20

Up — Tientsin-Pukow Line Connections — Down

			Daily Mail			Daily Mail
S.H.R.	SHANGHAI NORTH	dep.	R.	7.55		
	NANKING FERRY	arr.		14.10		
T.P.R.	PUKOW	dep.	S.	15.30		
	TSINANFU	arr. dep.		7.56 8.06		
	TIENTSIN CENTRAL	arr.		16.13		
P.M.R.	TIENTSIN CENTRAL	dep.		17.00	P.M.R. PEKING dep.	8.35
	PEKING	arr.		19.50	T.P.R. TIENTSIN CENTRAL arr.	11.10
					T.P.R. TIENTSIN CENTRAL dep.	S. 12.00
					TSINANFU arr. dep.	20.21 20.31
					PUKOW arr.	13.00
					S.H.R. NANKING FERRY dep.	R. 14.20
					SHANGHAI NORTH arr.	21.20

R. Restaurant Cars S. Sleeping Cars

*Connects at Tientsin with the Peking-Mukden and through Siberian Service.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (Branch Line) **Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down**

WOOSUNG FORTS	..dep.	6.55	8.15	10.45	13.10	14.40	16.20	18.10	20.45	SHANGHAI NORTH	....dep.	6.15	7.35	10.05	12.15	14.00	15.50	17.25	20 00
KIANGWAN	.....	7.23	8.43	11.12	13.37	15.07	16.47	18.37	21.12	KIANGWAN	.....	6 26	7.46	10.16	12.26	14.11	15.41	17.36	20.11
SHANGHAI NORTH	..... arr.	7.30	8.50	11.20	13.45	15.15	16.55	18.45	21.20	WOOSUNG FORTS	.....arr.	6.50	8.10	10 40	12.50	14 35	16.05	18.00	20.35

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM FEBRUARY 20th, 1917

MAIN LINE.

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAH KOU—"DOWN"

STATIONS		102 Local	104 Fast	106 Slow	108 Coolie & Goods	E Local	110 Express	112 Local	H Local	I Local
Shanghai North	dep.		7.40	8.55	10 0		14.0			
Jessfield	dep.		8.0	9.16	10.26		14.25			
Siccawei	dep.		8.10	9.25	0.35		14 3			
Lunghwa Junction	dep.		8.28	9 45	11.0		14.5			
			A. 104	B. 106	C. 108	E	F. 110	G. 112	H	I
Shanghai South	*dep.*		*8.00*	*9.20*	*10.30*	*13.35*	*14.30*	*16.10*	*16.45*	*18.00*
Lunghwa Junction	*dep.*		*8.28*	*9.48*	*11.00*	*13.53*	*14.52*	*16.29*	*17.03*	*18.18*
Sungkiang	arr		9.09	10 47	12.00		15.26	17,37		
	dep.		9 13	0.55	12 10		15 28	17.47		
Kashai	dep.		10.03	11 5*	13 33		16.15	18.57		
Kashing	a r.		10 25	12 26	14.06		16 3*	19.30		
	dep.	7.20	10.35	12 36	14.16		16 46			
Yeh Zah	dep.	8.08	11 14	13 20	15.15		17.21			
Chang An	dep.	9.00	11.49	14 04	16.10		17 55			
Hangchow	arr	10.26	12 43	15.16	17.37		18 42			
	dep.	10.38	12 53	15 26	17.47		18.54			
Zah Kou	arr.	11 00	13.09	15.45	18.15		19.10			

ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS		O Local	P Local	101 Local	103 Fast	105 Slow	U Local	107 Coolie and Goods	109 Express	111 Local
Zah Kou	dep.				6 45	8.10		8 55	14 15	16 00
Hangchow	arr.				7 05	8 30		9 23	14.30	16.24
	dep.				7. 5	8 40		9 33	14 40	16.35
Chang An	dep				8 1.	9 56		11.03	15 26	17.57
Yeh Zah	dep.				8 52	10 40		12 3*	5.57	18.50
Kashing	arr.				9 30	11.22		13 3*	16.28	19.40
	dep.			7.25	9 40	11.30		14.07	16 38	
Kashai	dep.			8 0*	10.05	12.00		14 47	17.01	
Sungkiang	arr.			9 08	10 54	12 59		16 03	17.46	
	dep			9 18	10 57	13 03		16.13	17.49	
		O	P	Q. 101	S. 103	T. 105	U	V. 107	W. 109	
Lunghwa Junction	*dep.*	*8.35*	*9.55*	*10.37*	*11.48*	*14.05*	*14.55*	*17.22*	*18.33*	
Shanghai South	*arr.*	*8.53*	*10.13*	*10.55*	*12.05*	*14.23*	*15.13*	*17.46*	*18 50*	
Laugh a Junction	dep.				11.44	14.07		17 22	18.32	
Siccawei	dep.				11 53	14.17		17 32	18 42	
Jessfield	dep.				12.01	14 26		17 41	18 51	
Shanghai North	arr.				12 20	14.45		18.00	19.10	

KIANGSU BRANCH LINE

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU **ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO**

STATIONS		122	124	126	128	130	132
Kon Zen Chiao..	dep.	7 05	8.30	11.05	14.05	16.05	18.15
Ken Shang Mun.	arr.	7.18	8.43	11.18	14 18	16.18	18.28
	dep	7 25	8.50	11 20	14.21	16.20	18.29
Hangchow	arr.	7 35	9.00	11.30	14 31	16.30	18.37
	dep.		9.05	11 35		16.37	
Zah Kou	arr.		9.25	11 55		17.00	

STATIONS		121	123	125	127	129	131
Zah Kou	dep		9.40	12.20		17.15	
Hangchow	arr.		10.00	12.40		17.35	
	dep	7.45	10.05	12 50	14.55	17.40	18 50
Ken Shang Mun.	arr	7.55	10.15	13.00	15.05	17.50	19.00
	dep.	8.00	10.23	13.05	15.10	17.52	19.02
Kon Zen Chiao..	arr	8 13	10.35	13.18	15.23	18.05	19.15

Business and Official - - - Notices - - -

NOTIFICATION.

PASSPORTS

BRITISH subjects resident in this Consular District are requested to hand in without delay to this Consulate General for safe custody all Passports in their possession (except those in Chinese) which they do not intend to use in the immediate future. For each Passport a receipt will be given which will enable the Passport to be recovered when required for any lawful purpose.

This measure is designed to prevent the loss of Passports. Such loss may involve the person concerned in very serious trouble, especially if the above request be disregarded.

Passports must be personally handed in at the Mixed Court Assessor's Office, which is situated on the ground floor at the north end of the Consulate-General.

(Sd.) E. H. FRASER,
H.B.M. Consul-General,
H. M. Consulate-General,
Shanghai, 22nd January, 1917.
12486

INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS SOCIETY
A French Public Savings Company

Head Office: SHANGHAI
1 bis, AVENUE EDOUARD VII
(Yangkingpang)

Savings are the Making of all Great Nations

If you will not save yourselves, we will do it for you.

You pay us monthly 12 dollars, and we guarantee you a capital of **at least two thousand dollars,** after 13 years and 10 months payments.

Our bonds **have a surrender and loan value after two years,** the same as Life Insurance policies,

BUT

We give you a
Further Advantage viz.,
Our Monthly Drawings which give you **an opportunity** to **get every month** a return of from **$12** to **$2,000.**

AUDIT

A continuons daily audit of the accounts of the Society is conducted by Mr. S.A. Seth, Chartered Secretary and Public Accountant.

For full particulars, apply to the Head Office.

J. BEUDIN & M. SPEELMAN,
General Manager.

Carpets and Rugs
MADE TO ORDER

Carpets and rugs of every description manufactured. Only Expert Workmen of Peking and Tientsin employed. Newest patterns and most artistic designs. Materials guaranteed to be of the best quality. Only the best Chinese colour, which remains ever fresh and will never fade, is used. Our goods have already established a wide reputation. Our factory is run on modern lines in every way, and we believe it is the first of its kind in Shanghai. Prices have been lowered. Foreign orders from abroad are solicited.

HWA YENG FACTORY.
Nos. 11, 13 and 15 Route des Soeurs
French Concession.

Auctions

R. W. HEIDORN & CO.

will sell within their salesroom

ON

Wednesday, the 28th of Feb.

at 10 a.m.

FLOUR MILL MACHINERY

comprising conveyor spiral in iron tube and wooden pipe with bearings, shafts, pulleys and angle wheel gears. Also 1 bushing, 18 sacking pipes.

SUNDRY GOODS

of various description will also be sold. On view the day before the sale.

R. W. HEIDORN & Co.,
Auctioneers
Telephone No. 4240.
7-8 French Bund.

BILL SMITH

CRAWFORD'S "SPECIAL RESERVE" IS THE SMOOTHEST SCOTCH ON THE MARKET

Ask Bill

Garner, Quelch & Co.
Wine Merchants

COMITE FRANCAIS
DES
OEUVRES DE GUERRE

Au cours de sa Réunion du 19 Février 1917, le Comité Francais des Oeuvres de Guerre a décidé de confier les fonctions de Trésorier á Monsieur P. LEGENDRE, c/o Municipalité Francaise, en remplacement de Monsieur J. DANTIN, décédé.

Le Président du Comité,
E. NAGGIAR.

NOTICE

At a Meeting of the Committee in charge of French War Funds, held on February 19, 1917, Mr. P. Legendre, of the French Municipal Council, was elected Treasurer in succession to the late Mr. J. Dantin.

E. NAGGIAR.
President, Committee in charge of French War Funds.
12850

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

Six per cent Debentures (1909)

THE Debenture Transfer Register will be closed from 22nd instant to 28th instant, both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

SHANGHAI RACE CLUB

Spring Meeting, 1917

Applications for Stabling, Saddle and Tiffin Rooms, also licences for Head Mafoos and Riding Boys for the half-year ending 31st August, 1917, must be forwarded to the undersigned before 6 p.m., on Monday, 26th instant.

Forms of application will be found on the notice-board in the Grand Stand.

The Courses will be open for Training on Thursday, 1st March, 1917, and the licences referred to above will be issued at 9 a.m. on the same day.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
12831

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Shares of the Corporation, at this Branch, will be closed from the 12th to the 24th February, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be effected.

By order of the Court of Directors,
A. STEPHEN,
Manager.
Shanghai, 18th January, 1917.
12439

ZUNG LEE & SONS. (W. Z. Zee & Sons, Est. 1895), BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

HARDWARE AND METALS

Contractors to Governments, Municipalities, Railways, Tramways, etc.

SPRING OVERCOATS and TOP COATS

New American Styles

Early Spring Styles in Business and Sack Suits

Thom Shing, Tailor

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PITKIN'S BAKING POWDER

Is PURE AND WHOLESOME. Everybody says:—

"The Best I Ever Used."

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Pitkin's Show Room:—No. 73 Range Road
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Chew! Chew! Chew!

YOU are recommended to commence chewing tobacco right from now if you have not already done so before. Because tobacco-chewing not only imparts warmth to the body during the cold weather and removes foul breath from the mouth, but it also assists the business man in more ways than one to better advantage. We have just unpacked a small supply of American Chewing Plugs of various qualities, some of which cannot be procured elsewhere. Remember that our stock of above is very small, so call early to ensure a supply.

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12848

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FOR

Spring and Summer First Display

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Hardware and Metal Merchants
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Materials of every description for Engineering

Naval and Marine Stores always in stock

Our entire stock is from well-known manufacturers, and our prices are moderate

Sole Agent for

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We have also Black Dye in stock, Trade Mark Zang Kun (象群牌) at moderate prices.

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Tel. Gen. office No. 2971
Tel. Pri. office No. 4385

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General Storekeepers, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Our goods are always absolutely fresh, being imported weekly from well-known manufacturers.

"American" fresh fruit always in stock

Prices very moderate

Prompt attention given to all orders

Orders from outports and the interior are carefully packed, and all breakages will be promptly made good.

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Telephone No. 1095.
SHANGHAI

NOTICE TO LADIES

The Shanghai Toilet Club

1 NANKING ROAD
(Palace Hotel Building)

have now fully equipped their

NEW LADIES' ROOMS

A special book is kept for appointments.

SHANGHAI TOILET CLUB
1 Nanking Road
12849

When your think of

China's Most Densely Populated Province,

Think of ***Szechwan,***

and you will also Think of

WIDLER & CO.,

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CHUNG HWA TRANSLATION CO.
21 Foochow Road, Shanghai.
Telephone 3625.

The Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.

The annual general meeting of the Shareholders in the Company will be held at the Office of the General Agents on Saturday, the 10th March, 1917, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Statement of Accounts and Report of the Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1916.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 3rd to 10th March, 1917, both days inclusive.

Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.
General Agents,
Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.
Shanghai, 17th February, 1917.
12805

NOTICE

For the past 12 months the business of N. Lazarus, optician, has been and is now under the management of

Mr. H. Tobias,
F. S. M. C. (Lond.), F. I. O (Eng.)

The only optician in Shanghai with an English qualification and Diploma for optics. Note our new address.

N. LAZARUS
17 Nanking Rd.
Next door the offices of the Shanghai Mercury.

Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

APARTMENTS

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Comfortable rooms (Front and back, with bathrooms and verandah) to let. Moderate prices. Good table.

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No. 8, a large room, 2 small rooms and bathroom. Suitable for a small family with board. Vacant 1st March.

TO LET, furnished attic room, in private neutral family, with or without board. Central district. Apply to Box 132, THE CHINA PRESS.
12843 M 1

TO LET, two well-furnished flats, piano, free taxes, lights, water, quiet locality. Only neutrals need apply. 8 Ward Road.
12837 M 3

TO LET, in a highly modern Realty house in French Town, a well-furnished bed-sitting room, suitable for a married couple or two bachelors, south exposure, with tiled bathroom, by a German couple. Apply to Box 119, THE CHINA PRESS.
12814 F 25

TO LET, two very large rooms, bathroom and verandah attached. With or without board. Apply to 45 Bubbling Well Road.
12822 M 7

DANCING

INSTRUCTION in modern ball-room dances. Classes may be formed upon application. Experienced teacher. Apply to Box 43, THE CHINA PRESS.
12658

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED: Young man with knowledge of Book-keeping and General Office work. Also Lady Steno-typist. Good positions. Apply to Box 133, THE CHINA PRESS.

TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has considerable experience in legal, consulate, syndicate, journalistic, commercial and official translation work, undertakes translation in English and Chinese of agreements, petitions, letters, legal documents, advertisements, and commercial documents, etc. Please apply to Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a Peking Road, or P.D., 159 Haining Road, opposite West End Lane.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED. American Lady, cultured but poor, desiring to return during summer or fall, offers services as chaperon, companion or nurse. Address Box 129, THE CHINA PRESS.
12835 F 21 25

ADVERTISER seeks change of position, neutral, speaks perfect Chinese, some Japanese and French, travelled throughout China, excellent connections, first-class references, executive experience. Apply to Box 121, THE CHINA PRESS.
12816 M 2

EXPERIENCED Accountant offers his services after 5 p.m. All book and auditing work undertaken. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 130, THE CHINA PRESS.
12838 F 25

WANTED, position as godown-keeper, storekeeper or timekeeper by a Chinese. Many years' experience in Shanghai. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 124, THE CHINA PRESS.
T. F.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT of Chinese Y.M.C.A. can fill your need for a competent typist, bookkeeper, clerk, etc. Address Secretary, 120 Szechuen Road.
12768

HOUSES TO LET

46 BUBBLING WELL ROAD, 6-roomed house with attics, to let, for immediate occupation. Apply to Yangtszepoo Road.
12845 M 1

TO LET. One large house at Rue Ferguson, with garden, tennis, garage, electric fittings, gas, telephone and furniture, etc. Please apply to Box No. 120, THE CHINA PRESS.
12815 F 25

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12788 F 23

MISCELLANEOUS

JUST RETURNED: Zelldo, reliable clairvoyant. Private house calls. Parties and receptions. Room 15, Savoy Hotel. Hours 9.30 a.m. to 8 p.m. Phone 2510.
12791 F 23

NOTICE: Zelldo, expert man-milliner and dressmaker, will do remodelling of furs, ladies' hats and gowns. Use your old materials and make like new. Very latest styles. Prices reasonable, work guaranteed. Room 15, Savoy Hotel, phone 2510.
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FOR SALE: A Studebaker car, five-seater, 1915 model, perfect condition. Price Tls. 1,500. Apply to Box 131, THE CHINA PRESS.
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12835

SHOW-CARDS and Advertising Illustrations of all descriptions done at short notice, at a reasonable charge. Apply to Box 127, THE CHINA PRESS.
12830 F 23

FOR SALE: Second-hand, pneumatic-tyred ricsha, with hood, etc. Needs overhaul. Cheap. Apply to Box 113, THE CHINA PRESS.
F 18 T. F.

WANTED TO BUY, one American wardrobe steamer-trunk. Send offers to Box 89, THE CHINA PRESS.
12746 T.F.